

NORTH AMERICAN NICKEL INC.
(formerly Widescope Resources Inc.)

Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2011

Expressed in Canadian Dollars

**Notice to Reader of the Unaudited Interim Financial Statements
for the nine months ended September 30, 2011**

In accordance with National Instrument 51-102, of the Canadian Securities Administrators, the Company discloses that its auditors have not reviewed the unaudited interim financial statements.

The unaudited interim financial statements of North American Nickel Inc. (the "Company") for the nine month period ended September 30, 2011 ("Financial Statements") have been prepared by management. The Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2010, which are available at the SEDAR website at www.sedar.com. The Financial Statements are stated in Canadian dollars, unless otherwise indicated, and are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").

NORTH AMERICAN NICKEL INC.
Condensed Interim Statement of Financial Position
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars - unaudited))

	Notes	September 30, 2011	December 31, 2010 (Note 16)
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash	4	\$ 2,318,319	\$ 659,227
Marketable securities		-	-
Receivables	5	91,585	26,965
Prepaid expenses and deposits		7,906	-
Total current assets		<u>2,417,810</u>	<u>686,192</u>
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	6	10,952	-
Exploration and evaluation assets	7	5,594,054	677,718
Total non-current assets		<u>5,605,006</u>	<u>677,718</u>
Total assets		<u>\$ 8,022,816</u>	<u>\$ 1,363,910</u>
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Trade payables and accrued liabilities	8	\$ 325,866	\$ 129,527
Total current liabilities		<u>325,866</u>	<u>129,527</u>
Non-current liabilities			
Taxes payable		2,153	-
Future income tax liability	11	62,063	-
Total non-current liabilities		<u>64,216</u>	<u>-</u>
Total liabilities		390,082	129,527
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Share capital - preferred	9c	604,724	604,724
Share capital - common	9b	18,067,026	14,705,609
Contributed surplus	9f	3,919,342	182,500
Accumulated other comprehensive loss/income		-	-
Deficit		(14,958,358)	(14,258,450)
Total shareholders' equity		<u>7,632,734</u>	<u>1,234,383</u>
Total equity		7,632,734	1,234,383
Total liabilities and equity		<u>\$ 8,022,816</u>	<u>\$ 1,363,910</u>

APPROVED BY THE DIRECTORS:

Rick Mark

Edward D. Ford

The accompanying notes are integral part of these consolidated financial statements

NORTH AMERICAN NICKEL INC.

Condensed Interim Statement of Comprehensive Loss/Income

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars - unaudited)

For the nine months ended September 30, 2011

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30, 2011	September 30, 2010 (Note 16)	September 30, 2011	September 30, 2010 (Note 16)
Expenses				
Amortization	\$ 563	\$ -	\$ 908	\$ -
Consulting	10 16,271	8,409	41,544	32,484
Filing fees	15,713	19,466	62,392	37,832
Investor relation	24,467	8,428	36,671	17,836
General and administrative	16,576	(5,677)	24,981	39,042
Management fees	10 27,000	15,000	81,000	31,000
Marketing and corporate communications	3,000	-	3,000	-
Part X11.6 tax	1,449	-	2,153	-
Professional fees	21,120	-	95,270	68,359
Property investigation	995	-	4,845	1,450
Salaries	14,219	7,500	36,239	12,500
Stock-based compensation	275,000	147,500	372,750	147,500
Travel and accommodation	3,553	-	11,896	-
Loss before other items	(419,925)	(200,626)	(773,648)	(388,003)
Other items:				
Impairment of mineral property and deferred exploration costs (Note 4)	-	-	-	(91,000)
Sale of investment gain/(loss)	-	-	-	96,749
Loss before income taxes	(419,925)	(200,626)	(773,648)	(382,254)
Future income tax recovery (expense)	45,364	-	73,740	-
Net loss for the period	<u>\$ (374,561)</u>	<u>\$ (200,626)</u>	<u>\$ (699,908)</u>	<u>\$ (382,254)</u>
Other comprehensive (loss) income				
Unrealized loss on marketable securities	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Reversal of accumulated other comprehensive income upon sale of subsidiary	-	-	-	-
Total other comprehensive (loss) income	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive loss for the period	<u>\$ (374,561)</u>	<u>\$ (200,626)</u>	<u>\$ (699,908)</u>	<u>\$ (382,254)</u>
Loss per common share - basic and diluted	<u>\$ (0.01)</u>	<u>\$ (0.01)</u>	<u>\$ (0.02)</u>	<u>\$ (0.03)</u>
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding				
- basic and diluted	<u>52,726,073</u>	<u>32,746,730</u>	<u>43,571,377</u>	<u>14,788,836</u>

The accompanying notes are integral part of these consolidated financial statements

NORTH AMERICAN NICKEL INC.

**Condensed Interim Statement of Changes In Equity
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars - unaudited)
For the nine months ended September 30, 2011**

	Number of shares	Share capital	Contributed surplus	Accumulated other comprehensive loss	Deficit	Total
Balance at January 1, 2010	6,046,454	\$ 13,649,333	\$ -	\$ 24,525	\$ (13,728,642)	\$ (54,784)
Loss for the nine months	-	-	-	-	(382,254)	(382,254)
Share capital issued private placement	20,000,000	1,100,000	-	-	-	1,100,000
Shares issued to acquire mineral properties	7,150,000	429,000	-	-	-	429,000
Shares issued for debt	2,640,000	132,000	-	-	-	132,000
Stock options issued	-	-	147,500	-	-	147,500
Reversal of accumulated other comprehensive income upon sale of subsidiary	-	-	-	(2,616)	-	(2,616)
Available-for-sale investment	-	-	-	(21,909)	-	(21,909)
Balance at September 30, 2010	35,836,454	15,310,333	147,500	-	(14,110,896)	1,346,937
Shares issued to acquire mineral properties	-	-	-	-	-	-
Shares issued for debt	-	-	-	-	-	-
Share capital issued private placement	-	-	35,000	-	-	35,000
Loss for the three months	-	-	-	-	(147,554)	(147,554)
Balance at December 31, 2010	35,836,454	15,310,333	182,500	-	(14,258,450)	1,234,383
Loss for the period	-	-	-	-	(699,908)	(699,908)
Share capital issued private placement	15,545,463	3,089,399	-	-	-	3,089,399
Shares issued to acquire mineral properties	950,000	57,000	-	-	-	57,000
Shares issued for finders fee	200,000	28,000	-	-	-	28,000
Stock options issued	-	-	460,250	-	-	460,250
Warrants exercised	3,005,000	300,500	-	-	-	300,500
Warrants issued	-	-	3,276,592	-	-	3,276,592
Share issue costs	126,000	(113,482)	-	-	-	(113,482)
Balance at September 30, 2011	55,662,917	\$ 18,671,750	\$ 3,919,342	\$ -	\$ (14,958,358)	\$ 7,632,734

The accompanying notes are integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

NORTH AMERICAN NICKEL INC.
Condensed Interim Statement of Cash Flows
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars - unaudited)
For the nine months ended September 30, 2011

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30, 2011	September 30, 2010	September 30, 2011	September 30, 2010
OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Net loss for the period	\$ (374,561)	\$ (200,626)	\$ (699,908)	\$ (382,254)
Items not affecting cash				
Sale of investment gain/(loss)	-	-	-	(67,880)
Amortization	563	-	908	-
Stock-based compensation	275,000	147,500	372,750	147,500
Future income tax recovery	(45,364)	-	(73,740)	-
Impairment of mineral properties and deferred exploration costs	-	-	-	91,000
	<u>(144,362)</u>	<u>(53,126)</u>	<u>(399,990)</u>	<u>(211,634)</u>
Changes in non-cash working capital items:				
Receivables	(26,648)	(6,663)	(64,620)	(9,946)
Prepaid expenses	1,090	(823)	(7,906)	(823)
Trade payables and accrued liabilities	220,795	(110,017)	212,527	(4,112)
Taxes payable	1,449	-	2,153	-
Due to related parties	11,323	13,030	(16,188)	13,030
Cash used in operating activities	<u>63,647</u>	<u>(157,599)</u>	<u>(274,024)</u>	<u>(213,485)</u>
INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Expenditures on mineral properties and deferred exploration costs	(1,134,180)	(45,615)	(1,531,836)	(166,767)
Proceeds from sale of investment	-	-	-	52,606
Purchase of equipment	(5,360)	-	(11,860)	-
Cash used in investing activities	<u>(1,139,540)</u>	<u>(45,615)</u>	<u>(1,543,696)</u>	<u>(114,161)</u>
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds on issuance of common shares	300,500	39,000	3,341,009	1,100,000
Future income tax liability	-	-	135,803	-
Cash used in financing activities	<u>300,500</u>	<u>39,000</u>	<u>3,476,812</u>	<u>1,100,000</u>
Total increase (decrease) in cash during the period	(775,393)	(164,214)	1,659,092	772,355
Cash at beginning of period	3,093,712	953,084	659,227	16,515
Cash at end of period	<u>\$ 2,318,319</u>	<u>\$ 788,870</u>	<u>\$ 2,318,319</u>	<u>\$ 788,870</u>
Cash paid for:				
Interest	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Income taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

Supplemental cash flow information - (Note 14)

The accompanying notes are integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

NORTH AMERICAN NICKEL INC.

(formerly Widescope Resources Inc.)

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

Expressed in Canadian Dollars

For the nine month period ended September 30, 2011

1. NATURE AND CONTINUANCE OF OPERATIONS

North American Nickel Inc. (formerly Widescope Resources Inc.) (the "Company") was incorporated on September 23, 1983, under the laws of the province of British Columbia, Canada. The head office, principal address and records office of the Company are located at Suite 301 – 260 West Esplanade, North Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada, V7M 3G7.

The Company's principal business activity is the exploration and development of mineral properties in Canada and Greenland. The Company has not yet determined whether these properties contain ore reserves that are economically recoverable. The recoverability of amounts shown for mineral property costs is dependent upon a number of factors including environmental risk, legal and political risk, the existence of economically recoverable mineral reserves, confirmation of the Company's interests in the underlying mineral claims, the ability of the Company to obtain necessary financing to complete exploration and development, and to attain sufficient net cash flow from future profitable production or disposition proceeds.

On April 7, 2010, and effective May 31, 2010, the Company entered into a Stock Purchase Agreement (the "Purchase Agreement") whereby it agreed to sell its 65.42% interest in Outback Capital Inc. dba Pinefalls Gold ("PFG"), a private Alberta exploration company. On April 19, 2010, the Company changed its name from Widescope Resources Inc. to North American Nickel Inc., consolidated its common share capital on a 1:2 basis, whereby each two old shares were exchanged for one new share, and increased its authorized capital from 100,000,000 common shares without par value to an unlimited number of common shares without par value (Note 9). All references to common shares, stock options, warrants and weighted average number of shares outstanding in these consolidated financial statements retroactively reflect the share consolidation.

These unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared on the assumption that the Company will continue as a going concern, meaning it will continue in operation for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize assets and discharge liabilities in the ordinary course of operations. The ability of the Company to continue operations as a going concern is ultimately dependent upon achieving profitable operations. To date, the Company has not generated profitable operations from its resource activities and will need to invest additional funds in carrying out its planned exploration, development and operational activities. These financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts and classification of liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

The properties in which the Company currently has an interest are in the exploration stage. As such, the Company is dependent on external financing to fund its activities. In order to carry out the planned exploration and cover administrative costs, the Company will use its existing working capital and raise additional amounts as needed. The Company will continue to assess new properties and seek to acquire interests in additional properties if there is sufficient geologic or economic potential and if adequate financial resources are available to do so.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND BASIS OF PREPARATION

The condensed interim financial statements were authorized for issue on November 24, 2011 by the Board of Directors of the Company.

NORTH AMERICAN NICKEL INC.

(formerly Widescope Resources Inc.)

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

Expressed in Canadian Dollars

For the nine month period ended September 30, 2011

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND BASIS OF PREPARATION (cont'd)**Statement of compliance and conversion to International Financial Reporting Standards**

The consolidated interim financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and interpretations of the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC"). Therefore, these financial statements comply with International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 34 "Interim Financial Reporting".

This interim financial report does not include all of the information required of a full annual financial report and is intended to provide users with an update in relation to events and transactions that are significant to an understanding of the changes in financial position and performance of the Company since the end of the last annual reporting period. It is therefore recommended that this financial report be read in conjunction with the annual financial statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2010. However, this interim financial report, being the first nine month IFRS financial report, provides selected significant disclosures that are required in the annual financial statements under IFRS. The disclosures concerning the transition from Canadian Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("Canadian GAAP") to IFRS are provided in Note 16.

Basis of preparation

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis and are based on historical costs, modified where applicable. The consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, unless otherwise noted, which is the Company's functional currency.

Basis of consolidation

These interim financial statements ending September 30, 2011 include only the accounts of the Company and the comparative periods include the Company and the total operating activities of its 65.42% owned subsidiary, PFG, up to May 31, 2010, when PFG was sold. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated on consolidation.

Estimates, assumptions and measurement uncertainty

The preparation of the Company's consolidated financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates and assumptions are continuously evaluated and are based on management's experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. However, actual outcomes can differ from these estimates.

By their nature, these estimates are subject to measurement uncertainty and the effect on the financial statements of changes in such estimates in future periods could be significant. Areas requiring significant use of estimates by management relate to going concern assessments, determining the carrying value and or impairment of mineral properties, determining the fair values of marketable securities and stock-based payments, asset retirement obligations, financial instruments and tax rates used to calculate future income tax balances.

Exploration and evaluation expenditures

Exploration and evaluation expenditures include the costs of acquiring licenses, costs associated with exploration and evaluation activity, and the fair value (at acquisition date) of exploration and evaluation assets acquired in a business combination. Exploration and evaluation expenditures are capitalized. Costs incurred before the Company has obtained the legal rights to explore an area are recognized in profit or loss.

NORTH AMERICAN NICKEL INC.

(formerly Widescope Resources Inc.)

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

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For the nine month period ended September 30, 2011

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND BASIS OF PREPARATION (cont'd)

Exploration and evaluation expenditures – cont'd

Government tax credits received are recorded as a reduction to the cumulative costs incurred and capitalized on the related property.

Exploration and evaluation assets are assessed for impairment if (i) sufficient data exists to determine technical feasibility and commercial viability, and (ii) facts and circumstances suggest that the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount.

Once the technical feasibility and commercial viability of the extraction of mineral resources in an area of interest are demonstrable, exploration and evaluation assets attributable to that area of interest are first tested for impairment and then reclassified to mining property and development assets within property, plant and equipment.

Recoverability of the carrying amount of any exploration and evaluation assets is dependent on successful development and commercial exploitation, or alternatively, sale of the respective areas of interest.

The Company may occasionally enter into farm-out arrangements, whereby the Company will transfer part of the mineral interest, as consideration, for an agreement by the farmee to meet certain exploration and evaluation expenditures which would have otherwise been undertaken by the Company. The Company does not record any expenditures made by the farmee on its behalf. Any cash consideration received from the agreement is credited against the costs previously capitalized to the mineral interest given up by the Company, with any excess cash accounted for as a gain on disposal.

When a project is deemed to no longer have commercially viable prospects to the Company, exploration and evaluation expenditures in respect of that project are deemed to be impaired. As a result, those exploration and evaluation expenditure costs, in excess of estimated recoveries, are written off to the statement of comprehensive loss/income.

Restoration and environmental obligations

The Company recognizes liabilities for statutory, contractual, constructive or legal obligations associated with the retirement of long-term assets, when those obligations result from the acquisition, construction, development or normal operation of the assets. The net present value of future restoration cost estimates arising from the decommissioning of plant and other site preparation work is capitalized to exploration and evaluation assets along with a corresponding increase in the restoration provision in the period incurred. Discount rates using a pre-tax rate that reflect the time value of money are used to calculate the net present value. The restoration asset will be depreciated on the same basis as other mining assets.

The Company's estimates of restoration costs could change as a result of changes in regulatory requirements, discount rates and assumptions regarding the amount and timing of the future expenditures. These changes are recorded directly to mining assets with a corresponding entry to the restoration provision. The Company's estimates are reviewed annually for changes in regulatory requirements, discount rates, effects of inflation and changes in estimates.

Changes in the net present value, excluding changes in the Company's estimates of reclamation costs, are charged to profit and loss for the period.

The net present value of restoration costs arising from subsequent site damage that is incurred on an ongoing basis during production are charged to profit or loss in the period incurred.

NORTH AMERICAN NICKEL INC.

(formerly Widescope Resources Inc.)

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

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2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND BASIS OF PREPARATION (cont'd)

Restoration and environmental obligations (cont'd)

The costs of restoration projects that were included in the provision are recorded against the provision as incurred. The costs to prevent and control environmental impacts at specific properties are capitalized in accordance with the Company's accounting policy for exploration and evaluation assets.

Impairment of assets

Impairment tests on intangible assets with indefinite useful economic lives are undertaken annually at the financial year-end. Other non-financial assets, including exploration and evaluation assets are subject to impairment tests whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amount may not be recoverable. Where the carrying value of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of value in use and fair value less costs to sell, the asset is written down accordingly.

Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the impairment test is carried out on the asset's cash-generating unit, which is the lowest group of assets in which the asset belongs for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets.

An impairment loss is charged to the profit or loss, except to the extent they reverse gains previously recognized in other comprehensive loss/income.

Financial instruments

The Company classifies its financial instruments in the following categories: at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments, available-for-sale and financial liabilities. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial instruments were acquired. Management determines the classification of its financial instruments at initial recognition.

Financial assets are classified at fair value through profit or loss when they are either held for trading for the purpose of short-term profit taking, derivatives not held for hedging purposes, or when they are designated as such to avoid an accounting mismatch or to enable performance evaluation where a group of financial assets is managed by key management personnel on a fair value basis in accordance with a documented risk management or investment strategy. Such assets are subsequently measured at fair value with changes in carrying value being included in profit or loss.

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are subsequently measured at amortized cost. They are included in current assets, except for maturities greater than 12 months after the end of the reporting period. These are classified as non-current assets.

Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets that have fixed maturities and fixed or determinable payments, and it is the Company's intention to hold these investments to maturity. They are subsequently measured at amortized cost. Held-to-maturity investments are included in non-current assets, except for those which are expected to mature within 12 months after the end of the reporting period.

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivative financial assets that are designated as available-for-sale or are not suitable to be classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables or held-to-maturity investments and are subsequently measured at fair value. These are included in current assets. Unrealized gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income, except for impairment losses and foreign exchange gains and losses.

NORTH AMERICAN NICKEL INC.

(formerly Widescope Resources Inc.)

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

Expressed in Canadian Dollars

For the nine month period ended September 30, 2011

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND BASIS OF PREPARATION (cont'd)

Financial instruments (cont'd)

Non-derivative financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost.

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized on the trade-date – the date on which the group commits to purchase the asset.

Financial assets are derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Company has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether there is objective evidence that a financial instrument has been impaired. In the case of available-for-sale financial instruments, a significant and prolonged decline in the value of the instrument is considered to determine whether impairment has arisen.

Loss per share

Basic loss per share is computed by dividing the net income or loss applicable to common shares of the Company by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the relevant period.

Diluted earnings / loss per common share is computed by dividing the net income or loss applicable to common shares by the sum of the weighted average number of common shares issued and outstanding and all additional common shares that would have been outstanding if potentially dilutive instruments were converted.

Income taxes

Income tax expense comprises of current and deferred tax. Current tax and deferred tax are recognized in net income except to the extent that it relates to a business combination, or items recognized directly in equity or in other comprehensive loss/income.

Current income tax assets and liabilities for the current period are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date, in the countries where the Company operates and generates taxable income.

Current income tax relating to items recognized directly in other comprehensive income or equity is recognized in other comprehensive income or equity and not in profit or loss. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Deferred income tax is provided using the balance sheet method of temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and recognized only to the extent that it is probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilized.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

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Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

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For the nine month period ended September 30, 2011

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND BASIS OF PREPARATION (cont'd)

Income taxes (cont'd)

Deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current income tax liabilities and the deferred income taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

Share-based payments

Where equity-settled share options are awarded to employees, the fair value of the options at the date of grant is charged to the statement of comprehensive loss/income over the vesting period. Performance vesting conditions are taken into account by adjusting the number of equity instruments expected to vest at each reporting date so that, ultimately, the cumulative amount recognized over the vesting period is based on the number of options that eventually vest. Non-vesting conditions and market vesting conditions are factored into the fair value of the options granted. As long as all other vesting conditions are satisfied, a charge is made irrespective of whether these vesting conditions are satisfied. The cumulative expense is not adjusted for failure to achieve a market vesting condition or where a non-vesting condition is not satisfied.

Where the terms and conditions of options are modified before they vest, the increase in the fair value of the options, measured immediately before and after the modification, is also charged to the statement of comprehensive loss/income over the remaining vesting period.

Where equity instruments are granted to employees, they are recorded at the fair value of the equity instrument granted at the grant date. The grant date fair value is recognized in comprehensive loss/income over the vesting period, described as the period during which all the vesting conditions are to be satisfied.

Where equity instruments are granted to non-employees, they are recorded at the fair value of the goods or services received in the statement of comprehensive loss/income, unless they are related to the issuance of shares. Amounts related to the issuance of shares are recorded as a reduction of share capital.

When the value of goods and services received in exchange for the share-based payment cannot be reliably estimated, the fair value is measured by use of a valuation model. The expected life used in the model is adjusted, based on management's best estimate, for the effects of non-transferability, exercise restrictions, and behavioural considerations.

All equity-settled share based payments are reflected in contributed surplus, until exercised. Upon exercise shares are issued from treasury and the amount reflected in contributed surplus is credited to share capital along with any consideration paid.

Where a grant of options is cancelled or settled during the vesting period, excluding forfeitures when vesting conditions are not satisfied, the Company immediately accounts for the cancellation as an acceleration of vesting and recognizes the amount that otherwise would have been recognized for services received over the remainder of the vesting period. Any payment made to the employee on the cancellation is accounted for as the repurchase of an equity interest except to the extent the payment exceeds the fair value of the equity instrument granted, measured at the repurchase date. Any such excess is recognized as an expense.

Share capital

Financial instruments issued by the Company are classified as equity only to the extent that they do not meet the definition of a financial liability or financial asset. The Company's common shares, preferred shares, share warrants and flow-through shares are classified as equity instruments.

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Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

Expressed in Canadian Dollars

For the nine month period ended September 30, 2011

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND BASIS OF PREPARATION (cont'd)

Share capital (cont'd)

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

Flow-through shares

The Company will from time to time, issue flow-through common shares to finance a significant portion of its exploration program. Pursuant to the terms of the flow-through share agreements, these shares transfer the tax deductibility of qualifying resource expenditures to investors. On issuance, the Company bifurcates the flow-through share into i) a flow-through share premium, equal to the estimated premium, if any, investors pay for the flow-through feature, which is recognized as a liability and; ii) share capital. Upon expenses being incurred, the Company derecognizes the liability and recognizes a deferred tax liability for the amount of tax reduction renounced to the shareholders. The premium is recognized as other income and the related deferred tax is recognized as a tax provision.

Proceeds received from the issuance of flow-through shares are restricted to be used only for Canadian resource property exploration expenditures within a two-year period. The portion of the proceeds received but not yet expended at the end of the Company's period is disclosed separately as flow-through share proceeds.

The Company may also be subject to a Part XII.6 tax on flow-through proceeds renounced under the Look-back Rule, in accordance with Government of Canada flow-through regulations. When applicable, this tax is accrued as a financial expense until paid.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the statement of income and comprehensive income during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognized in profit or loss.

Depreciation and amortization are calculated on a straight-line method to write off the cost of the assets to their residual values over their estimated useful lives. The depreciation and amortization rates applicable to each category of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Class of property, plant and equipment	Depreciation rate
Drilling and exploration equipment	20%
Computer software	50%

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3. ACCOUNTING STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS NOT YET EFFECTIVE

Amendments to IFRS 7 “Financial Instruments: Disclosures”

This amendment increases the disclosure required regarding the transfer of financial assets, especially if there is a disproportionate amount of transfer transactions that take place around the end of a reporting period. This amendment is effective for annual periods beginning on or after July 1, 2011.

New standard IFRS 9 “Financial Instruments”

This standard addresses classification and measurement of financial assets and replaces the multiple category and measurement models in IAS 39 for debt instruments with a new mixed measurement model having only two categories: Amortized cost and fair value through profit or loss. IFRS 9 also replaces the models for measuring equity instruments and such instruments are either recognized at the fair value through profit or loss or at fair value through other comprehensive income. Where such equity instruments are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, dividends are recognized in profit or loss to the extent not clearly representing a return of investment: however, other gains and losses (including impairments) associated with such instruments remain in accumulated other comprehensive income indefinitely.

Requirements for financial liabilities were added in October 2010 and they largely carried forward existing requirements in IAS 39, *Financial Instruments – Recognition and Measurement*, except that fair value changes due to credit risk for liabilities designated at fair value through profit and loss would generally be recorded in other comprehensive income. This new standard is a partial replacement of IAS 39 “Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement”. This new standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2015.

New standard IFRS 10 “Consolidated Financial Statements”

IFRS 10 requires an entity to consolidate an investee when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. Under existing IFRS, consolidation is required when an entity has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. IFRS 10 replaces SIC-12 *Consolidation – Special Purpose Entities* and parts of IAS 27 *Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements*.

New standard IFRS 11 “Joint Arrangements”

IFRS 11 requires a venture to classify its interest in a joint arrangement as a joint venture or joint operation. Joint ventures will be accounted for using the equity method of accounting whereas for a joint operation the venturer will recognize its share of the assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses of the joint operation. Under existing IFRS, entities have the choice to proportionately consolidate or equity account for interests in joint ventures. IFRS 11 supersedes IAS 31 *Interests in Joint Ventures* and SIC-13 *Jointly Controlled Entities – Non-monetary Contributions by Venturers*.

New standard IFRS 12 “Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities”

IFRS 12 establishes disclosure requirements for interests in other entities, such as joint arrangements, associates, special purpose vehicles and off balance sheet vehicles. The standard carries forward existing disclosures and also introduces significant additional disclosure requirements that address the nature of, and risks associated with, an entity’s interests in other entities.

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IFRS 13 is a comprehensive standard for fair value measurement and disclosure requirements for use across all IFRS standards. The new standard clarifies that fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset, or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants, at the measurement date. It also establishes disclosures about fair value measurement. Under existing IFRS, guidance on measuring and disclosing fair value is dispersed among the specific standards requiring fair value measurements and in many cases does not reflect a clear measurement basis or consistent disclosure.

Amendments to other standards

In addition, there have been other amendments to existing standards, including IAS 27 *Separate Financial Statements* and IAS 28 *Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures*. IAS 27 addresses accounting for subsidiaries, jointly controlled entities and associates in non-consolidated financial statements. IAS 28 has been amended to include joint ventures in its scope and to address the changes in IFRS 10 to IFRS 13.

Each of the new standards, IFRS 9 to 13 and the amendments to other standards, is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013 with early adoption permitted. The Company has not yet begun the process of assessing the impact that the new and amended standards will have on its condensed interim financial statements or whether to early adopt any of the new requirements.

4. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash at banks and on hand earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rate.

5. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

	September 30, 2011	December 31, 2010
HST/GST Receivable	\$ 91,585	\$ 26,965

6. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Exploration Equipment	Computer Software		Exploration Equipment	Computer Software
Cost:			Cost:		
At December 31, 2010	\$ -	\$ -	At January 1, 2010	\$ -	\$ -
Additions	6,500	5,360	Additions	-	-
Disposals	-	-	Disposals	-	-
At September 30, 2011	<u>\$ 6,500</u>	<u>\$ 5,360</u>	At December 31, 2010	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Amortization:			Amortization:		
At December 31, 2010	\$ -	\$ -	At January 1, 2010	\$ -	\$ -
Charge for the period	673	235	Charge for the period	-	-
Eliminated on disposal	-	-	Eliminated on disposal	-	-
At September 30, 2011	<u>673</u>	<u>235</u>	At December 31, 2010	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Net book value:			Net book value:		
At December 31, 2010	-	-	At January 1, 2010	-	-
At September 30, 2011	<u>\$ 5,827</u>	<u>\$ 5,125</u>	At December 31, 2010	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

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7. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS

NORTH AMERICAN NICKEL INC.

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CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF MINERAL PROPERTIES AND DEFERRED EXPLORATION COSTS

	Canada						Greenland	Total	
	Post Creek Property	Woods Creek Property	Halcyon Property	Bell Lake Property	Thompson North	South Bay Property	Cedar Property		Maniitsoq Property
Mineral Properties Acquisition									
Balance, December 31, 2010	\$ 44,000	\$ 19,000	\$ 33,000	\$ 43,000	\$ 120,333	\$ 120,333	\$ 120,333	\$ -	\$ 499,999
Acquisition costs - cash	30,000	15,000	25,000	25,000	-	-	-	300,000	395,000
Acquisition costs - Shares	18,000	9,000	12,000	18,000	-	-	-	3,240,000	3,297,000
Balance, September 30, 2011	\$ 92,000	\$ 43,000	\$ 70,000	\$ 86,000	\$ 120,333	\$ 120,333	\$ 120,333	\$ 3,540,000	\$ 4,191,999
Expenditures (recoveries)									
Balance, December 31, 2010	\$ 153,309	\$ 20,341	\$ -	\$ 560	\$ 585	\$ 2,523	\$ 400	\$ -	\$ 177,718
Administration	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	166	166
Assay and sampling (recovery)	15,251	-	-	-	-	-	-	606	15,857
Automobile costs	9,783	80	630	170	-	-	-	-	10,663
Claim fees/ Assessment fees	-	-	-	-	33,330	-	-	-	33,330
Consulting services	186,205	4,198	12,015	6,779	37,270	120	2,000	26,809	275,396
Drilling expenses (recovery)	46,480	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	46,480
Equipment and supplies	16,716	1,663	1,662	1,662	-	-	-	4,081	25,784
Equipment rental	29,472	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	29,472
Licenses and fees	-	-	-	434	44,659	-	-	19,480	64,573
Line cutting costs	25,500	-	4,500	-	-	-	-	-	30,000
Shipping and printing costs	992	-	-	312	-	-	-	11,329	12,633
Survey costs	134,787	-	21,492	11,912	-	-	-	394,622	562,813
Stock-based compensation (note 11)	87,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	87,500
Telephone	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	736	736
Travel and accomodation	6,220	-	-	-	-	-	-	22,714	28,934
Recoveries	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	558,905	5,940	40,299	21,270	115,259	120	2,000	480,543	1,224,337
Balance, September 30, 2011	712,215	26,281	40,299	21,830	115,844	2,643	2,400	480,543	1,402,055
Total, Balance September 30, 2011	\$ 804,215	\$ 69,281	\$ 110,299	\$ 107,830	\$ 236,177	\$ 122,976	\$ 122,733	\$ 4,020,543	\$ 5,594,054

The following is a description of the Company's exploration and evaluation assets and the related spending commitments:

Post Creek

On December 23, 2009 the Company executed a letter of intent whereby the Company has an option to acquire the mineral claim known as the Post Creek Property located within the Sudbury Mining District of Ontario, and paid a non-refundable deposit of \$7,500.

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On April 5, 2010 the Company entered into an option agreement to acquire a 100% interest in the Post Creek Property and agreed to the following consideration:

Date	Cash	Shares	Exploration requirements	
On or before April 5, 2010 (paid and issued)	\$ 12,500	400,000		
On or before April 5, 2011 (paid and issued)	\$ 30,000	300,000	\$ 15,000	Exploration requirements to date \$624,715
On or before April 5, 2012	\$ 50,000	300,000	\$ 15,000	
On or before April 5, 2013	\$ 50,000	-	\$ 15,000	

During the nine month period ended September 30, 2011, the Company incurred exploration costs (excluding capitalized stock-based compensation of \$87,500) totalling \$471,405 (March 31, 2010 - \$Nil) in deferred exploration costs on the Post Creek Property.

The Company's interest is subject to a 2.5% NSR, of which 1.5% can be repurchased by the Company for \$1,500,000. Commencing August 1, 2013, if the Company exercises its option, the Company will be obligated to pay advances on the NSR of \$10,000 per annum, which will be deducted from any payments to be made under the NSR.

Woods Creek

On December 23, 2009 the Company executed a letter of intent whereby the Company has an option to acquire the mineral claim known as the Woods Creek Property located within the Sudbury Mining District of Ontario and paid a non-refundable deposit of \$2,500.

On April 5, 2010, the Company entered into an option agreement to acquire up to a 100% interest in the Woods Creek Property and agreed to the following consideration:

Date	Cash	Shares	Exploration requirements	
On or before April 5, 2010 (paid and issued)	\$ 7,500	150,000		
On or before April 5, 2011 (paid and issued)	\$ 15,000	150,000	\$ 24,000	Exploration requirements to date \$26,281
On or before April 5, 2012	\$ 20,000	-	\$ 24,000	
On or before April 5, 2013	\$ 45,000	-	\$ 24,000	

During the nine month period ended September 30, 2011, the Company incurred \$5,940 (March 31, 2010 - \$Nil) in deferred exploration costs on the Woods Creek Property.

The Company's interest is subject to a 2.5% NSR, of which 1.5% can be repurchased by the Company for \$1,500,000. Commencing August 1, 2013, if the Company exercises its option, the Company will be obligated to pay advances on the NSR of \$5,000 per annum, which will be deducted from any payments to be made under the NSR.

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On April 5, 2010, the Company entered into an option agreement to acquire up to a 100% interest in the Halcyon Property located Ontario and agreed to the following consideration:

Date	Cash	Shares	Exploration requirements
On or before April 5, 2010 (paid and issued)	\$ 15,000	300,000	
On or before April 5, 2011 (paid and issued)	\$ 25,000	200,000	\$ 22,000 Exploration requirements to date \$40,299
On or before April 5, 2012	\$ 35,000	200,000	\$ 22,000
On or before April 5, 2013	\$ 35,000	-	\$ 22,000

During the nine month period ended September 30, 2011, the Company incurred \$40,299 (March 31, 2010 - \$Nil) in deferred exploration costs on the Halcyon Property.

The Company's interest is subject to a 2.5% NSR, of which 1.5% can be repurchased by the Company for \$1,500,000. Commencing August 1, 2013, if the Company exercises its option, the Company will be obligated to pay advances on the NSR of \$8,000 per annum, which will be deducted from any payments to be made under the NSR.

Bell Lake

On April 5, 2010, the Company entered into an option agreement to acquire up to a 100% interest in the Bell Lake Property located in Ontario, and agreed to the following consideration:

Date	Cash	Shares	Exploration requirements
On or before April 5, 2010 (paid and issued)	\$ 25,000	300,000	
On or before April 5, 2011 (paid and issued)	\$ 25,000	300,000	\$ -
On or before April 5, 2012	\$ 40,000	400,000	\$ -
On or before April 5, 2013	\$ 40,000	-	\$ -
On or before April 5, 2014	\$ 80,000	-	\$ -

During the nine month period ended September 30, 2011, the Company incurred \$21,270 (March 31, 2010 - \$Nil) in deferred exploration costs on the Bell Lake Property.

The Company's interest is subject to a 2.5% NSR, of which 1.5% can be repurchased by the Company for \$1,500,000. Commencing August 1, 2014, once the Company exercises its option, the Company will be obligated to pay advances on the NSR of \$5,000 per annum, which will be deducted from any payments to be made under the NSR.

Manitoba Nickel

On April 5, 2010, the Company entered into a purchase and sale agreement, with a company with directors in common, to acquire a 100% interest in the Thompson North, South Bay and Cedar Lake properties located in Manitoba, and agreed to consideration of \$1,000 cash (paid) and 6,000,000 common shares (issued). The Company's interest is subject to a 2% NSR, of which 1% can be repurchased by the Company for \$1,000,000.

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(a) Thompson North Property

During the nine month period ended September 30, 2011, the Company incurred \$115,259 (March 31, 2010 - \$Nil) in deferred exploration costs on the Thompson North Property.

(b) South Bay Property

During the nine month period ended September 30, 2011, the Company incurred \$120 (March 31, 2010 - \$Nil) in deferred exploration costs on the South Bay Property.

(c) Cedar Property

During the nine month period ended September 30, 2011, the Company incurred \$2,000 (March 31, 2010 - \$Nil) in deferred exploration costs on the Cedar Property.

Maniitsoq - Greenland

On June 15, 2011, the Company paid a license fee on the Maniitsoq property in Greenland. The Company has certain obligations regarding expenditures and reporting, under the terms of the license for fiscal 2011 and 2012.

In conjunction with acquisition of the Maniitsoq Mineral Exploration Licence, the Company has entered into an arm's length Intellectual Property and Data Acquisition Agreement (the "IP Acquisition Agreement") with Hunter Minerals Pty Limited ("Hunter") and Spar Resources Pty Limited ("Spar"). Pursuant to the IP Acquisition Agreement, Hunter and Spar agreed to sell the IP Rights to the Company in consideration for the Company paying \$300,000 in cash (\$150,000 to each of Hunter and Spar which is paid) and the issuing of 12,960,000 share purchase warrants, 6,480,000 to each of Hunter and Spar exercisable for a period of five years. The warrants are exercisable at the following prices, 4,750,000 of the warrants are at a price of \$0.50 per share, 4,750,000 of the warrants are at a price of \$0.70 per share and 3,460,000 of the warrants are at a price of \$1.00 per share. The warrants are subject to an accelerated exercise provision in the event the Company relinquishes its interests in the Maniitsoq Licences or any other mineral titles held within a defined area of interest without receiving consideration for such relinquishment. The granted warrants have been recorded at a fair value of \$3,240,000 using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. Granting to each of Hunter and Spar or their designates a 1.25% net smelter returns royalty, subject to rights of NAN to reduce both royalties to a 0.5% net smelter returns royalty upon payment to each of Hunter and Spar (or their designates) of \$1,000,000 on or before the 60th day following a decision to commence commercial production on the mineral properties. On August 30, 2011 the Company issued 200,000 common shares at \$.14 per share for a value of \$28,000 as a finder's fee on the Greenland project.

During the nine month period ended September 30, 2011, the Company incurred \$480,543 (March 31, 2010 - \$Nil) in deferred exploration costs on the Maniitsoq Property.

8. TRADE PAYABLES AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

	September 30,	December 31,
	2011	2010
Trade payables	\$ 254,710	\$ 3,253
Amounts due to related parties (Note 10)	70,906	\$ 87,094
Accrued liabilities	249	39,180
	<u>\$ 325,866</u>	<u>\$ 129,527</u>

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Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements**Expressed in Canadian Dollars****For the nine month period ended September 30, 2011****9. SHARE CAPITAL**

- a) The authorized capital of the Company comprises an unlimited number of common shares without par value and 100,000,000 Series 1 convertible preferred shares without par value.
- b) Common shares issued and outstanding

	Number of Shares	Amount
Balance - December 31, 2010	35,231,730	\$ 14,705,609
Shares issued for private placements	15,545,463	3,089,399
Shares issued for mineral properties - non-cash	950,000	57,000
Shares issued for finders fee	200,000	28,000
Shares issued for warrant exercises	3,005,000	300,500
Share issue costs	126,000	(113,482)
Stock-based compensation	-	-
Balance - September 30, 2011	<u>55,058,193</u>	<u>\$ 18,067,026</u>

Effective April 19, 2010, the Company consolidated its common share capital on a 1:2 basis, whereby each two old shares are equal to one new share and increased its authorized capital from 100,000,000 common shares without par value to an unlimited number of common shares without par value. All references to common shares, stock options, warrants and weighted average number of shares outstanding in these consolidated financial statements reflect the share consolidation.

Nine month period ended September 30, 2011:

The Company issued 950,000 common shares at a fair value of \$57,000 for the acquisition of mineral properties (Note 7).

The Company issued 4,545,463 common shares for a private placement of flow-through shares at \$0.22 per share. On issuance, the Company bifurcated the flow-through share into i) a flow-through share premium \$135,802.72, investors pay for the flow-through feature, which is recognized as a liability and; ii) share capital \$864,199.14.

The Company issued 11,000,000 common shares for a private placement at \$0.20 per share and issued 126,000 common shares at \$0.20 per share for finder's fees.

The Company issued 200,000 common shares for a finders fee on the Maniitsoq Property at \$0.14 per share.

On August 26, 2011 the Company issued 2,000,000 common shares for warrant exercises at \$0.10 per share for net proceeds of \$200,000.

On September 9, 2011 the Company issued 5,000 common shares for a warrant exercise at \$0.10 per share for net proceeds of \$500.

On September 26, 2011 the Company issued 1,000,000 common shares for a warrant exercise at \$0.10 per share for net proceeds of \$100,000.

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Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements**Expressed in Canadian Dollars****For the nine month period ended September 30, 2011****9. SHARE CAPITAL – cont'd**

c) Preferred shares issued and outstanding

At September 30, 2011, there are 604,724 (December 31, 2010 – 604,724) preferred common shares outstanding. The rights and restrictions of the preferred shares are as follows:

- i) dividends shall be paid at the discretion of the directors;
- ii) the holders of the preferred shares are not entitled to vote except at meetings of the holders of the preferred shares, where they are entitled to one vote for each preferred share held;
- iii) the shares are convertible at any time; and
- iv) the number of the common shares to be received on conversion of the preferred shares is to be determined by dividing the conversion value of the share, \$1 per share, by \$0.90.

d) Warrants

A continuity schedule of outstanding common share purchase warrants at September 30, 2011 is as follows:

	September 30, 2011		December 31, 2010	
	Number Outstanding	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Number Outstanding	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Outstanding, beginning of period	10,000,000	\$ 0.10	-	\$ -
Granted	24,203,950	0.54	10,000,000	0.10
Exercised	(3,005,000)	0.10	-	-
Outstanding, end of period	<u>31,198,950</u>	<u>\$ 0.44</u>	<u>10,000,000</u>	<u>\$ 0.10</u>

At September 30, 2011, the Company had outstanding common share purchase warrants exercisable to acquire common shares of the Company as follows:

Warrants Outstanding	Expiry Date	Exercise Price	Weighted Average remaining contractual life (in years)
6,995,000	Dec-28-2012	0.10	1.25
11,243,950	Nov-24-2012	0.35	1.15
3,460,000	Aug-30-2016	1.00	4.92
4,750,000	Aug-30-2016	0.50	4.92
4,750,000	Aug-30-2016	0.70	4.92
<u>31,198,950</u>			<u>2.74</u>

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e) Stock options

The Company has entered into a Stock Option Plan (the "Plan"), providing the authority to grant options to directors, officers, employees and consultants enabling them to acquire up to 10% of the issued and outstanding common stock of the Company. Under the Plan, the exercise price of each option equals the market price or a discounted price of the Company's stock as calculated on the date of grant. The options can be granted for a maximum term of 10 years.

The changes in stock options during the nine month period ended September 30, 2011 and the year ended December 31, 2010 are as follows:

	September 30, 2011		December 31, 2010	
	Number Outstanding	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Number Outstanding	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Outstanding, beginning of period	3,300,000	\$ 0.10	-	\$ -
Granted	1,950,000	0.24	3,300,000	0.10
Outstanding, end of period	5,250,000	\$ 0.15	3,300,000	\$ 0.10

The weighted average fair value at grant date of options granted during the period ended September 30, 2011 was \$0.15 per option (December 31, 2010 \$0.10)

Details of options outstanding as at September 30, 2011 are as follows:

Options Outstanding	Options Exercisable	Expiry Date	Exercise Price	Weighted Average remaining contractual life
2,950,000	2,950,000	August 27, 2015	\$ 0.10	3.91
150,000	150,000	November 25, 2015	0.10	4.16
200,000	200,000	December 15, 2015	0.10	4.21
150,000	150,000	May 24, 2016	0.20	4.65
350,000	350,000	June 29, 2016	0.20	4.75
1,450,000	1,450,000	September 6, 2016	0.25	4.94
<u>5,250,000</u>	<u>5,250,000</u>			<u>2.93</u>

f) Stock-based Compensation

The Company granted 1,950,000 stock options to directors, employees and consultants with the maximum term of 5 years. The Company calculates the fair value of all stock options using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The Company granted 500,000 exercisable options with an exercise price of \$0.20 for a fair value of \$97,750 which was expensed and granted 1,450,000 exercisable options with an exercise price of \$0.25 for a fair value of \$362,500 of which \$275,000 was expensed and \$87,500 was capitalized. The fair value was calculated, on 243,950 brokers warrants at an exercise price of \$0.35 per share and a term of 1.5 years, which was \$36,592 and capitalized. The fair value was calculated on 12,960,000 share purchase warrants at an exercise price of \$0.50 on 4,750,000, \$0.70 on 4,750,000 and \$1.00 on 3,460,000 all with a 5 year term for an amount of \$3,240,000 which has been capitalized.

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f) Stock-based Compensation

The fair value of employee and non-employee stock options granted in the nine month period ending September 30, 2011 was calculated using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following weighted-average assumptions:

	<u>September 30, 2011</u>	<u>September 30, 2010</u>
Expected dividend yield	0%	0%
Expected share price volatility	639.08% - 767.95%	881.82%
Risk-free interest rate	1.57% - 2.57%	2.41%
Expected life of options	1.5 and 5 years	5 years

10. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Related party balances

The following amounts due to related parties are included in trade payables and accrued liabilities:

	September 30,	December 31,
	2011	2010
Directors and companies controlled by directors of the Company	\$ 70,906	\$ 87,094
	<u>\$ 70,906</u>	<u>\$ 87,094</u>

These amounts are unsecured, non-interest bearing and have no fixed terms of repayment.

Related party transactions

Key management personnel compensation

	Nine month periods ended	
	September 30,	September 30,
	2011	2010
Geological consulting fees - expensed	\$ 21,517	\$ 1,167
Geological consulting fees - capitalized	19,983	16,333
Management fees - expensed	81,000	45,000
Stock-based compensation	150,000	-
	<u>\$ 272,500</u>	<u>\$ 62,500</u>

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11. INCOME TAX EXPENSE AND DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

a) Provision for current tax

Flow-through common shares require the Company to spend an amount equivalent to the proceeds of the issued flow-through common shares on Canadian qualifying exploration expenditures. The Company may be required to indemnify the holders of such shares for any tax and other costs payable by them in the event the Company has not made the required exploration expenditures.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2011, the Company received \$1,000,001.86 from the issue of flow-through shares. These amounts will not be available to the Company for future deduction from taxable income. Effective September 30, 2011, the Company renounced \$542,992 to the subscribers under the look-back rule and has incurred \$135,748 in deferred tax expense which has not been booked due to the losses to apply against the amount. The Company has booked an amount of \$2,153 which is due regarding the Part Xii.6 tax generated on the renounced expenditures at the period ending September 30, 2011.

Under the IFRS framework, the increase to share capital when flow-through shares are issued is measured based on the current market price of common shares. The incremental proceeds, or "premium", are recorded as a deferred charge. When expenditures are renounced, a deferred tax liability is recognized and the deferred charge is reversed. The net amount is recognized as deferred tax expense. Under IFRS requirements, the Company will record a \$135,802 decrease to share capital, a premium liability of \$62,063 and a deferred income tax recovery of \$73,740.

b) Provision for deferred tax

As future taxable profits of the Company are uncertain, no deferred tax asset has been recognized. As at September 30, 2011, the Company has approximately \$572,000 in non-capital losses that can be offset against taxable income in future years which began expiring at various dates commencing in 2009, and approximately \$157,000 in capital losses which may be available to offset future taxable capital gains which can be carried forward indefinitely. The potential future tax benefit of these losses has not been recorded as a full-future tax asset valuation allowance has been provided due to the uncertainty regarding the realization of these losses.

12. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company manages its capital structure, which consists of share and working capital, and makes adjustments to it, based on the funds available to the Company, in order to support the acquisition, exploration and development of mineral properties. The Board of Directors does not establish quantitative return on capital criteria for management, but rather relies on the expertise of the Company's management to sustain future development of the business.

The properties in which the Company currently has an interest are in the exploration stage; as such the Company is dependent on external financing to fund its activities. In order to carry out the planned exploration and pay for administrative costs, the Company will spend its existing cash and raise additional amounts as needed. The Company will continue to assess new properties and seek to acquire interests in additional properties.

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Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

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12. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT – cont'd

Management reviews its capital management approach on an ongoing basis and believes that this approach, given the relative size and nature of the Company, is reasonable.

There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the nine months ended September 30, 2011. The Company is not exposed to externally imposed capital requirements.

13. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash, receivables, marketable securities, trade payables, accrued liabilities and due to related parties. The carrying value of these financial instruments approximates their fair value. Cash is measured based on Level 1 inputs of the fair value hierarchy.

The Company is engaged primarily in the mineral exploration field and manages related industry risk issues directly.

The Company is potentially at risk for environmental reclamation and fluctuations in commodity based market prices associated with resource property interests. Management is of the opinion that the Company addresses environmental risk and compliance in accordance with industry standards and specific project environmental requirements. There is no certainty that all environmental risks and contingencies have been addressed.

The Company's primary risk exposures are summarized below:

Credit risk

The Company's credit risk is primarily attributable to its cash accounts. This risk is managed through the use of major banks which are high credit quality financial institutions as determined by rating agencies. The Company's secondary exposure to credit risk is on its receivables. Receivables include primarily goods and services tax due from the Federal Government of Canada. Management believes that the Company has no significant concentration of credit risk arising from operations

Liquidity risk

The Company's approach to managing liquidity risk is to ensure that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet third party liabilities when due. The Company has working capital of \$2,091,944 at September 30, 2011. All of the Company's liabilities have contractual maturities of less than 30 days and are subject to normal trade terms. The Company is dependent on management's ability to raise additional funds so that it can manage its financial obligations. The ability to raise funds in capital markets is impacted by general market and economic conditions and the commodity markets in which the Company conducts business.

Market risk

(a) Interest rate risk

The Company has cash balances and no interest-bearing debt therefore, interest rate risk is minimal.

(b) Foreign currency risk

The Company's functional currency is the Canadian dollar and major purchases are transacted in Canadian dollars: therefore, foreign currency risk is minimal.

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Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements**Expressed in Canadian Dollars****For the nine month period ended September 30, 2011****14. NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS**

The Company incurred non-cash financing and investing activities during the nine months ended September 30, 2011 as follows:

	September 30, 2011	March 31, 2010
Common shares issued for mineral properties (Note 7)	\$ 57,000	\$ -
Share purchase warrants issued for mineral property (Note 7)	\$3,240,000	\$-----
Stock-based compensation expense recorded as share issuance costs for finders warrants	\$ 36,592	\$ -
Stock-based compensation capitalized to mineral properties	\$87,500	\$ -

15. COMMITMENTS

Effective May 1, 2010, the Company entered into the following agreements for services with directors of the Company and a company in which a director has an interest:

- i) management fees: \$5,000 per month and \$4,000 per month
- ii) consulting fees: \$3,500 per month effective June 1, 2011 the rate changed to \$6,000 per month.

Each of the agreements shall be continuous and may only be terminated by mutual agreement of the parties, subject to the provisions that in the event there is a change of effective control of the Company, the party shall have the right to terminate the agreement, within sixty days from the date of such change of effective control, upon written notice to the Company. Within thirty days from the date of delivery of such notice, the Company shall forward to the party the amount of money due and owing to the party hereunder to the extent accrued to the employee to the effective date of termination.

16. TRANSITION TO IFRS

As a result of the Accounting Standards Board of Canada's decision to adopt IFRS for publicly accountable entities for financial reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2011, the Company has adopted IFRS in these financial statements, making them the first nine month interim financial statements of the Company under IFRS. The Company previously applied the available standards under previous Canadian GAAP that were issued by the Accounting Standards Board of Canada.

As required by IFRS 1 "First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards", January 1, 2010 has been considered to be the date of transition to IFRS by the Company. Therefore, the comparative figures that were previously reported under previous Canadian GAAP have been restated in accordance with IFRS.

Exemptions applied

The Company has applied the following optional transition exemptions to full retrospective application of IFRS:

IFRS 2 "Share-based payment" – IFRS 1 allows that full retrospective application may be avoided for certain share-based instruments depending on the grant date, vesting terms and settlement of any real liabilities. A first-time adopter can elect to not apply IFRS 2 to share-based payments granted after

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16. TRANSITION TO IFRS – cont'd

November 7, 2002 that vested before the later of (a) the date of transition to IFRS and (b) January 1, 2005. The Company plans to elect this exemption and will apply IFRS 2 to only unvested stock options as at January 1, 2010 being the transition date.

IFRS 3 “Business Combinations” – IFRS 1 allows that a first-time adopter may elect not to apply IFRS 3 Business Combinations retrospectively to business combinations prior to the date of transition avoiding the requirement to restate prior business combinations. The Company plans to elect this exemption and as such expects no difference between Canadian GAAP and IFRS on transition for differences in business combination accounting.

IFRS 1 “Deemed Cost” – allows for exploration and evaluation assets costs to be accounted for in cost centres that include all properties in a large geographical area. A first-time adopter using such accounting under previous Canadian GAAP may elect to measure exploration and evaluation assets at the amount determined under the Company’s previous GAAP. The Company plans to elect this exemption and shall continue to test exploration and evaluation assets in the development phases for impairment at the date of transition to IFRS in accordance with IFRS 6 Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources.

Mandatory exceptions applied

IAS 39 “Financial Instruments” the Company has applied the derecognition of financial assets and liabilities exception requirements prospectively from the transition date. As a result any non-derivative financial assets or non-derivative financial liabilities derecognized prior to the Transition Date in accordance with pre-changeover Canadian GAAP have not been reviewed for compliance with IAS 39. The application of this exemption has no impact on the Company.

The estimates previously made by the Company under pre-changeover Canadian GAAP were not revised for the application of IFRS except where necessary to reflect any difference in accounting policy or where there was objective evidence that those estimates were in error. No adjustments for estimates have been made.

IAS 27 was applied prospectively from the Transition Date. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the owners of the parent and the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. No adjustment was required.

Reconciliation to previously reported financial statements

The following tables provide a reconciliation between the amounts previously reported under Canadian GAAP and those anticipated to be reported in accordance with IFRS and related transitional requirements, based on our analysis to date. A summary of each of the noted changes is included in the notes following the reconciliations of the following Consolidated Balance Sheets and Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income for the dates noted below. The anticipated effects of transition from GAAP to IFRS on the cash flow are not material therefore a reconciliation of cash flows has not been presented. The reconciliations and related adjustments have not been audited by the Company’s external auditor.

NORTH AMERICAN NICKEL INC.

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Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements**Expressed in Canadian Dollars****For the nine month period ended September 30, 2011****16. TRANSITION TO IFRS – cont'd**

Consolidated Interim Statement of Financial Position –September 30, 2010

Consolidated Interim Statement of Comprehensive Loss Reconciliation – three months September 30, 2010

Consolidated Interim Statement of Comprehensive Loss Reconciliation – nine months September 30, 2010

Consolidated Interim Statement of Financial Position Reconciled to IFRS (unaudited) as follows:

	Ref	September 30 2010 CAN GAAP	Effect of Transition to IFRS	September 30 2010 IFRS
ASSETS				
Current assets				
Cash		\$ 788,870	\$ -	\$ 788,870
Receivables		14,143	-	14,143
Marketable securities		-	-	-
Prepaid expenses and deposits		823	-	823
Total current assets		803,836	-	803,836
Mineral properties and deferred exploration costs		605,767	-	605,767
Total assets		\$ 1,409,603	\$ -	\$ 1,409,603
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities				
Trade payables and accrued liabilities		\$ 62,666	-	\$ 62,666
Total current liabilities		62,666	-	62,666
Total liabilities		62,666	-	62,666
Shareholders' equity (deficit)				
Share capital - preferred		604,724	-	604,724
Share capital - common		14,705,609	-	14,705,609
Share subscriptions		-	-	-
Contributed surplus	a	200,844	(53,344)	147,500
Accumulated other comprehensive income		-	-	-
Deficit		(14,164,240)	53,344	(14,110,896)
Total shareholders's equity		1,346,937	-	1,346,937
Non-controlling interest		-	-	-
Total equity		1,346,937	-	1,346,937
Total liabilities and equity		\$ 1,409,603	\$ -	\$ 1,409,603

16. TRANSITION TO IFRS – cont'd

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Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
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Reconciliation to previously reported financial statements – cont'd

The Canadian GAAP Consolidated Statement of Operations and Comprehensive Loss
For the three months ended September 30, 2010 has been reconciled to IFRS (unaudited) as follows:

	Ref	Three Months Ended September 30 2010	Effect of Transition to IFRS	Three Months Ended September 30 2010
		CAN GAAP		IFRS
EXPENSES				
Consulting	\$	8,409		\$ 8,409
Filing fees		19,466		19,466
Investor relation		8,428		8,428
General and administrative		(5,677)		(5,677)
Management fees (Note 6)		15,000		15,000
Salaries		7,500		7,500
Stock-based compensation		147,500	-	147,500
LOSS BEFORE OTHER ITEMS		(200,626)	-	(200,626)
OTHER ITEMS:				
Impairment of mineral property and deferred exploration costs (Note 4)		-		-
Sale of investment gain/(loss)		-		-
NET LOSS FOR THE PERIOD	\$	(200,626)	\$ -	\$ (200,626)
LOSS PER COMMON SHARE - Basic and diluted				
From continuing operations	\$	(0.03)	\$ -	\$ (0.03)
Weighted average shares outstanding - Basic and diluted		32,746,730		32,746,730
COMPREHENSIVE LOSS				
Net Loss	\$	(200,626)	\$ -	\$ (200,626)
Unrealized gain on marketable securities		-		-
COMPREHENSIVE LOSS	\$	(200,626)	\$ -	\$ (200,626)

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16. TRANSITION TO IFRS – cont'd

Reconciliation to previously reported financial statements – cont'd

The Canadian GAAP Consolidated Statement of Operations and Comprehensive Loss
For the nine months ended September 30, 2010 has been reconciled to IFRS (unaudited) as follows:

	Ref	Nine Months Ended September 30 2010 CAN GAAP	Effect of Transition to IFRS	Nine Months Ended September 30 2010 IFRS
EXPENSES				
Consulting	\$	32,484		\$ 32,484
Filing fees		37,832		37,832
Investor relation		17,836		17,836
General and administrative		39,042		39,042
Management fees (Note 6)		31,000		31,000
Professional fees		68,359		68,359
Property investigation		1,450		1,450
Salaries		12,500		12,500
Stock-based compensation		147,500	-	147,500
LOSS BEFORE OTHER ITEMS		(388,003)	-	(388,003)
OTHER ITEMS:				
Impairment of mineral property and deferred exploration costs (Note 4)		(91,000)		(91,000)
Sale of investment gain/(loss)		96,749		96,749
NET LOSS FOR THE PERIOD	\$	(382,254)	\$	- \$ (382,254)
LOSS PER COMMON SHARE - Basic and diluted				
From continuing operations	\$	(0.03)	\$	- \$ (0.03)
Weighted average shares outstanding - Basic and diluted		14,788,836		14,788,836
COMPREHENSIVE LOSS				
Net Loss	\$	(382,254)	\$	- \$ (382,254)
Unrealized gain on marketable securities		-		-
COMPREHENSIVE LOSS	\$	(382,254)	\$	- \$ (382,254)

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Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
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16. TRANSITION TO IFRS – cont'd

Reconciliation to previously reported financial statements – cont'd

The following is a summary of the significant accounting differences considered as part of the IFRS transition project and, where appropriate, the preliminary quantification of the adjustments required as of the transition date and for the comparative period. Completion of the final stages of our project may result in the identification of other adjustments or changes to the amounts presented, and such changes may be material.

Asset impairment

Both Canadian GAAP and IFRS require an entity to undertake quantitative impairment testing where there is an indication of impairment. Further there is a requirement under IFRS for the Company to assess whether indicators of impairment exist at the date of transition to IFRS.

Unlike Canadian GAAP, IFRS requires impairment charges to be reversed if circumstances leading to the impairment no longer exist. The Company has no historic impairment charges which could be reversed as of the transition date.

As at the transition date, there were no indications of impairment under IFRS identified by management, therefore no formal quantitative impairment was undertaken.

Adjustments on transition to IFRS:

(a) Share-based payment transactions

On transition to IFRS the Company has elected to change its accounting policy for the treatment of amounts recorded in contributed surplus which relate to stock options which expire unexercised. Under IFRS amounts recorded for expired unexercised stock options will be transferred to deficit on the date of expiry. Previously the Company's Canadian GAAP policy was to leave such amounts in contributed surplus.

Impact on Consolidated Statement of Financial Position (Unaudited)

	December 31 2010	January 1 2010
Contributed surplus	\$ (53,344)	\$ (53,344)
Adjustment to deficit	\$ 53,344	\$ 53,344

A further difference is that IFRS 2 requires that forfeiture estimates are recognized in the period they are estimated and are revised for actual forfeitures in subsequent periods, whereas under the Company's Canadian GAAP policy forfeitures of awards have been recognized as they occur. On application of the IFRS 1 exemption noted previously, this change in accounting was applied only to unvested awards as of the transition date which there were no unvested awards at that time.

Presentation Adjustments

The following presentation adjustment has been identified by management for the Consolidated Balance Sheet which is Non-controlling interests shall be presented in the Consolidated Statement Of Financial Position within equity, separately from the equity of the owners of the parent.

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17. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

The Company operates in two reportable operating segments being that of the acquisition, exploration and development of mineral properties in two geographic segments being Canada \$1,573,511 and Greenland \$4,020,543.

18. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On November 24, 2011, the Company granted to a geologist 100,000 stock options at a price of \$0.15 per stock option.



NORTH AMERICAN NICKEL INC.

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**Management Discussion and Analysis
For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2011**

Preliminary Information

This Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") contains information up to and including November 25, 2011.

The following MD&A of North American Nickel Inc. (the "Company") should be read in conjunction with the unaudited consolidated financial statements for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 and the related notes contained therein. In addition, the following should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2010 and the notes thereto. It should be noted that the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2010 was prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles ("CAD GAAP"), the reconciliation of which can be found beginning on page 16 of this MD&A.

All financial information in this MD&A related to 2011 have been prepared in accordance with International financial reporting standards ("IFRS"), and all dollar amounts are expressed in Canadian dollars unless otherwise indicated.

Forward Looking Statements

Except for historical information contained in this discussion and analysis, disclosure statements contained herein are forward-looking. Forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties, which could cause actual results to differ materially from those in such forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are made based on management's beliefs, estimates and opinions on the date the statements are made and the Company undertakes no obligation to update forward-looking statements if these beliefs, estimates and opinions or other circumstances should change. Investors are cautioned against attributing undue certainty to forward-looking statements. For more information, please refer to the Risk and Uncertainties section of this MD&A.

Description of Business

The Company is a junior mineral exploration company engaged in the business of acquiring, exploring and evaluating mineral properties, and either joint venturing, developing or disposing of the properties, when the evaluation is complete. The Company is currently focusing its resources in conducting exploration programs on its Sudbury, Ontario nickel properties being Post Creek, Woods Creek, Halcyon and Bell Lake and Greenland on the Maniitsoq Property. As well the Company is conducting exploration programs on its Manitoba nickel properties being South Bay, Thompson North and Cedar lake.

Company History

North American Nickel Inc. (the "Company") was incorporated under the laws of the Province of British Columbia, Canada, by filing of Memorandum and Articles of Association on September 20, 1983, under the name Rainbow Resources Ltd. The company's name was changed to Widescope Resources Ltd. on May 1, 1984, and to Gemini Technology Inc. on September 17, 1985. In conjunction with a reverse split of its common shares on a five-old for one-new basis, the Company adopted the name International Gemini Technology Inc effective September 23, 1993. The Company's name was changed to Widescope Resources Inc., effective July 12, 2006. Effective April 19, 2010 the Company's shareholders approved a special resolution to reorganize the Company's capital structure by consolidating in a reverse stock split the existing common shares on the basis of each two (2) old shares being equal to one (1) new share and concurrently increasing the authorized capital of the Company from 100,000,000 common shares without par value to an unlimited number of common shares without par value. Also effective this date the Company's name was changed to North American Nickel Inc. to reflect its new focus. All references to common shares, stock options, warrants and weighted average number of shares outstanding in this discussion and the accompanying consolidated financial statements retroactively reflect the share consolidation unless otherwise noted.

In April 2010 the Company initiated a series of actions to realign its focus into the field of nickel exploration in the prolific nickel belts around Sudbury, Ontario and Thompson, Manitoba. These actions were reported in a news release dated April 6, 2010. Additionally, in April 2010 the Company's shareholders elected 4 new directors, to replace three retiring directors. The directors of the Company have appointed new senior management to oversee the daily operations of the Company.

On May 3, 2011 the Company's listing application was conditionally accepted by the TSX Venture Exchange. On May 30, 2011 the common shares of the Company began trading under the symbol "NAN".

Trend Analysis

The business of the Company entails significant risks. Any analysis of the trend of the Company's activities would reveal this and there is nothing to suggest that these trends will change.

The recoverability of amounts shown for mineral property costs is dependent upon a number of factors including environmental risk, legal and political risk, the existence of economically recoverable mineral reserves, confirmation of the

Company's interests in the underlying mineral claims, the ability of the Company to obtain necessary financing to complete exploration and development, and to attain sufficient net cash flow from future profitable production or disposition proceeds. As of September 30, 2011 the Company had working capital of \$2,091,943 (December 31, 2010 \$556,665) and a deficit of \$14,958,358 (December 31, 2010 \$14,258,450). The Company will require additional funding to meet its obligations and the costs of its operations.

When managing capital, the Company's objectives is to ensure the entity continues as a going concern as well as to maintain optimal returns to shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders. Management adjusts the capital structure as necessary in order to support the acquisition and exploration of mineral properties. The Board of Directors does not establish quantitative return on capital criteria for management, but rather relies on the expertise of the Company's management team to manage its capital.

The properties in which the Company currently has an interest are in the exploration stage. As such, the Company is dependent on external financing to fund its activities. In order to carry out the planned exploration and pay for administrative costs, the Company will spend its existing working capital and raise additional amounts as needed. The Company will continue to assess new properties and seek to acquire interests in additional properties if there is sufficient geologic or economic potential and if it has adequate financial resources are available to do so. The Company has not yet determined whether these properties contain ore reserves that are economically recoverable.

Resource Properties

All technical information in this document has been reviewed by Dr. Mark Fedikow, PGeo, the qualified person for the Company under National Instrument 43-101.

Sudbury, Ontario nickel properties:

Post Creek Property

On December 23, 2009, the Company executed a letter of intent whereby the Company has an option to acquire the mineral claim known as the Post Creek Property located within the Sudbury Mining District of Ontario. The Company paid a non-refundable deposit of \$7,500. On April 5, 2010 the Company entered into an option agreement to acquire rights to Post Creek Property. In order to acquire 100% working interests in the property, subject to certain net smelter return royalties ("NSR") and advance royalty payments the Company agreed to the following consideration:

<u>Date</u>	<u>Cash</u>	<u>Issuance of shares</u>	<u>Exploration Requirements</u>
On or before April 5, 2010	\$ 12,500	400,000 paid & issued	
On or before April 5, 2011	\$ 30,000	300,000 paid & issued	\$ 15,000 Exploration requirements to date \$624,715
On or before April 5, 2012	\$ 50,000	300,000	\$ 15,000
On or before April 5, 2013	\$ 50,000	-	\$ 15,000

The property is located 35 km east of Sudbury in Norman and Parkin townships and consists of 35 contiguous unpatented mining claims and one isolated claim covering an area of 688 hectares. It is strategically located adjacent to the producing Podolsky copper-nickel-platinum group metal deposit of FNX Mining. The property lies along the extension of the Whistle Offset Dyke Structure which is a major geological control for Ni-Cu-PGM mineralization. This structure hosted the former INCO Whistle Offset copper-nickel-PGM Mine as well as the Podolsky North and Podolsky 2000 copper-precious metal deposits. FNX forecast the production of 372,049 tons of ore at Podolsky yielding 1.8 million pounds of payable nickel, 28.5 million pounds of payable copper and 27,300 ounces of payable platinum, palladium and gold for 2009. Previous operators located the extension of the Whistle Offset Dyke structure on the Post Creek property as a direct result of their geological, geophysical and Mobile Metal Ion geochemical surveys. A reconnaissance rock sample collected along the structure assayed 0.83% Ni, 0.74% Cu, 0.07% Co, 2.24 g/t Pt and 1.05 g/t Pd. Significant potential for nickel-copper-PGM is demonstrated on the Post Creek property.

A NI 43-101 compliant Technical Report was completed with Dr. Walter Peredery, formerly of INCO, as the author.

As of September 30, 2011, the Company incurred \$624,715 (excluding capitalized stock-based compensation of \$87,500) (March 31, 2010 - \$Nil) in deferred exploration costs on the Post Creek Property.

Performance Summary:

The exploration program to evaluate the mineral potential of the Whistle Offset Dyke Structure was initiated. This project included outcrop stripping, washing and detailed mapping. There were also a number of reconnaissance programs initiated concurrently to evaluate the Post Creek property for shallowly-buried mineralization. The geophysical approach was based on the use of a beep mat and selected traverses across the property were undertaken. A number of elevated EM responses were obtained and a number of these areas were stripped of overburden using an excavator and washed using a Wajax pump. Exposed mineralization was chip sampled and sent to SGS Mineral Services for a multi-element analysis including assay for nickel, copper, cobalt, gold, platinum and palladium. Results are pending. Selected soil geochemical surveys were undertaken over historic IP chargeability anomalies. Samples were submitted to SGS Mineral Services for analysis using the Mobile Metal Ion Technology.

Airborne VTEM geophysical survey results and ground IP and magnetic surveys undertaken by previous operators were obtained from the geophysical contractors in digital formats and these data will form individual "layers" for integration with geological and geochemical datasets.

New geophysical data was acquired from Abitibi Geophysics from a newly cut grid on the Post Creek property. Electromagnetic and magnetic anomalies were detected and a drill program planned. The exploration included down-hole pulsing to detect potential anomalies that were not drill-tested.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2011:

Analytical data, geological maps and historic geophysical information were compiled by Dr. Walter Peredery to form the basis for a 43-101 technical report which was submitted to the TSX Exchange on May 18, 2011 as part of listing requirements for North American Nickel. The report was accepted by the Exchange on May 27, 2011.

The assessment report for the Post Creek property of merit was assembled, submitted to the Sudbury Mining Recorder and subsequently accepted for assessment credit.

Grid cutting for the Abitibi DEEPEM ('InfiniTEM') ground geophysical survey has been completed.

Outcrop stripping, washing and chip and channel sampling continued subsequent to the location of geophysical (electromagnetic and magnetic) anomalies identified with the use of the beep mat. Samples have been submitted for assay and are pending. Beep mat geophysical surveys are ongoing on the Post Creek property.

Detailed prospecting by Mr. Cecil Johnson on behalf of the Company on the Post Creek property has resulted in the discovery of a previously unrecognized mineralized Offset dyke. The Offset dykes are recognized in the Sudbury mining camp as hosts to significant ore deposits and as such this discovery is considered extremely important. Follow-up outcrop stripping using a mechanical excavator accompanied by power washing to prepare the outcrop area for mapping and sampling has been initiated. The offset dyke has been named "the Cecil Johnson Offset Dyke" or "CJ#1" after Mr. Johnson, the discoverer.

Extensive outcrop stripping with a mechanical excavator aided by power washing of outcrops was completed. Outcrop sampling, where warranted, was continued and assistance from experienced Sudbury geological consultants was retained for short periods to demonstrate the subtleties of mapping offset dyke structures. Ground VLF-EM and magnetic surveys were initiated.

A drill program was planned and implemented with Chenier drilling of Capreol, Ontario contracted to carry out a 1500 metre program.

Subsequent Events

The offset dyke or CJ Zone was expanded subsequent to previous ground geophysical surveys and prospecting by Cecil Johnson. Geophysical anomalies detected by the Abitibi Infinitem geophysical survey were drill tested and indicated the geophysical responses were attributable to heavily disseminated to near-solid pyrrhotite, pyrite and minor chalcopyrite. These mineralized zones were hosted within large blocks of mafic volcanic rocks present within the offset dyke and with oxide and lean iron formation. Drill core was sampled and submitted for assay to AGAT Laboratories. Results are pending.

A review of all characteristics of the CJ target zone and the results of diamond drilling indicate the CJ Zone is more accurately described as a breccias belt rather than a sharp-walled offset dyke. The breccias belt is along strike from the Podolsky nickel-copper-platinum group metal mine and as such the CJ Zone is still considered as a high-priority exploration target.

Activities contemplated in the future

Additional outcrop mapping supplemented by thin section studies will be undertaken. Shallow electromagnetic surveys utilizing the Beep mat will be required to cover the remainder of the Post Creek property with the aim of ground truthing airborne VTEM anomalies. Follow-up geological mapping and prospecting will be required in addition to deep-looking ground geophysical surveys to assist in the delineation of drill targets. A drill program is being planned to test multivariate (geological, geophysical and geochemical) targets.

Upon completion of the Abitibi geophysical survey and the preparation of a detailed report a drill program will be designed to test the Offset dyke for base (nickel-copper) and precious metal (gold-platinum group metals) mineralization.

Drill core and lesser outcrop analytical data will be compiled and assessed for planning of 2012 exploration programs. The extent of the CJ Zone will be determined by ongoing prospecting, geological mapping and trenching.

An I.P. program is being considered to assess the CJ Zone for disseminated PGM mineralization due to similarities between the Victoria project mineralization (Quadra-FNX) and that recognized at the Post Creek CJ Zone. Stripping and outcrop preparation is planned for the southward extension of the CJ Zone towards the Podolsky Mine.

Woods Creek Property

On December 23, 2009 the Company executed a letter of intent whereby the Company has an option to acquire the mineral claim known as the Woods Creek Property located within the Sudbury Mining District of Ontario. The Company paid a non-refundable deposit of \$2,500. On April 5, 2010, the Company entered into an option agreement to acquire rights to Woods Creek Property. In order to acquire up to a 100% working interests in the property, subject to certain net smelter return royalties ("NSR") and advance royalty payments the Company agreed to the following consideration:

<u>Date</u>	<u>Cash</u>	<u>Issuance of shares</u>	<u>Exploration Requirements</u>
On or before April 5, 2010	\$ 7,500	150,000 paid & issued	
On or before April 5, 2011	\$ 15,000	150,000 paid & issued	\$ 24,000 Exploration requirements to date \$26,281
On or before April 5, 2012	\$ 20,000	-	\$ 24,000
On or before April 5, 2013	\$ 45,000	-	\$ 24,000

The Woods Creek claim block is located in Hyman Township about 50 km west of Sudbury and comprises eight contiguous unpatented mining claims covering 1,264 hectares. The target on the property is disseminated to near-solid nickel-copper-cobalt-PGM mineralization hosted within Nipissing Diabase dykes which cover 50% of the property. This style of mineralization is currently being mined by Ursa Major Minerals at their Shakespeare deposit 15 km southwest of the Woods Creek property.

Previous operators defined a number of mineralized zones on the Woods Creek property, but little follow-up exploration was undertaken. The Main Zone prospect is a zone of 10-40% pyrrhotite-chalcopyrite mineralization with historic assays of 1.22% Cu, 0.95% Ni, 0.35 g/t combined Pt and Pd and 0.13 g/t Au. Diamond drilling on this zone intersected a 6.5 m section of gabbro with pyrrhotite and chalcopyrite with historic assays of 1.09% Ni, 0.37% Cu, 0.30 g/t combined Pt and Pd and 0.11% Co. The Ravenshill prospect was discovered in 2005 as a result of geological mapping and prospecting. It comprises near solid pyrrhotite and chalcopyrite in brecciated gabbro with historic assays of 0.66% Ni, 0.90% Cu, 0.09% Co, 0.068 g/t Pt, 0.22 g/t Pd and 0.046 g/t Au.

As of September 30, 2011, the Company incurred \$26,281 (March 31, 2010 - \$Nil) in deferred exploration costs on the Woods Creek Property.

Performance Summary:

An assessment report based on shallow electromagnetic Beep Mat surveys, geological mapping, prospecting, excavator work to clear overburden from outcrop and channel and chip rock sampling was completed on claims 1242388 and 1242390. The results are summarized in an assessment report submitted to the Ontario Mining recorder in Sudbury. A short diamond drill program is planned to assess gossans delineated during prospecting activities.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2011:

An assessment report was constructed based on the results of field work, including assay results. Data indicates multiple zones of greater than 1% copper and strongly elevated nickel are present in outcrop on the property. These zones were uncovered by the use of a beep mat and a mechanical excavator to expose the rock from beneath soil cover.

Short term prospecting was completed.

Subsequent Events

The identification of a large gossanous outcrop on the property will be followed up with a drill hole to test the area beneath the gossan for nickel-copper platinum group mineralization.

Activities contemplated in the future

Additional beep mat surveys will be undertaken to extend the geophysical coverage on the property. These data will be assessed with additional overburden stripping and sampling of newly exposed mineralized rock, if warranted. Deep looking geophysical surveys are planned to assist in drill targeting for diamond drill testing.

Drill core from the drill hole planned to assess the gossan will be logged, split and sampled for assay.

Halcyon Property

On April 5, 2010, the Company entered into an option agreement to acquire rights to Halcyon Property. In order to acquire up to a 100% working interests in the property, subject to certain net smelter return royalties ("NSR") and advance royalty payments the Company agreed to the following consideration:

Date	Cash	Issuance of shares	Exploration Requirements
On or before April 5, 2010	\$ 15,000	300,000 paid & issued	
On or before April 5, 2011	\$ 25,000	200,000 paid & issued	\$ 22,000 Exploration requirements to date \$40,299
On or before April 5, 2012	\$ 35,000	200,000	\$ 22,000
On or before April 5, 2013	\$ 35,000	-	\$ 22,000

The property is located 35 Km NNE of Sudbury in the SE corner of Parkin Twp, and consists of 46 unpatented mining claims. It is readily accessible by paved and all-weather gravel road. Halcyon is adjacent to the Post Creek property and contains the extension of the metallogenetically significant Whistle Offset Structure. It is approximately 2 km north of the producing Podolsky Mine of FNX Mining. Previous operators on the property defined numerous conductive zones based on induced polarization (I.P.) surveys with coincident anomalous soil geochemistry. Base and precious metal mineralization have been found in multiple locations on the property but follow-up work was never done. The former producing Jon Smith Mine (nickel-copper-cobalt-platinum) is situated 1 Km North of the property.

As of September 30, 2011, the Company incurred \$40,299 (March 31, 2010 - \$Nil) in deferred exploration costs on the Halcyon Property.

Performance Summary:

Data compilation was initiated with the aim of delineating potential areas for follow-up exploration. Based on newly acquired information from the Post Creek property the adjacent Halcyon property will be the target of geological prospecting and geophysical activities.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2011:

The compilation report for historic exploration conducted on the property is ongoing.

A partial cut grid was established on the western edge of the Halcyon property to accommodate the Abitibi Geophysics EM survey covering the adjacent Post Creek property.

Prospecting and a small amount of outcrop stripping was completed.

Subsequent Events

No work has been performed subsequently.

Activities contemplated in the future

Activities contemplated for the future include the compilation of historic exploration data from assessment files to prepare for 2012 ground programs which will include geophysical surveys, geological mapping, prospecting and diamond drilling.

As a result of the discovery of the Cecil Johnson Zone on the adjacent Post Creek property ground geophysical surveys using the beep mat and detailed prospecting will be undertaken to assess the Halcyon property for possible occurrences of the CJ Zone breccias belt.

Bell Lake Property

On April 5, 2010, the Company entered into an option agreement to acquire rights to Bell Lake Property. In order to acquire up to a 100% working interests in the property, subject to certain net smelter return royalties ("NSR") and advance royalty payments the Company agreed to the following consideration:

<u>Date</u>	<u>Cash</u>	<u>Issuance of shares</u>		<u>Exploration Requirements</u>
On or before April 5, 2010	\$ 25,000	300,000	paid & issued	
On or before April 5, 2011	\$ 25,000	300,000	paid & issued	\$ -
On or before April 5, 2012	\$ 40,000	400,000		\$ -
On or before April 5, 2013	\$ 40,000	-		\$ -
On or before April 5, 2014	\$ 80,000	-		

The Bell Lake property is a 256 acre property that covers approximately 1 km of the Mystery Offset Dyke or "MOD". The MOD is interpreted to be an extension of the Worthington Offset Dyke which is a 10-11 km long mineralized structure that extends from the southwest margin of the Sudbury Igneous Complex. Offset Dyke environments are significant hosts to nickel-copper-PGM mineralization in the Sudbury Basin. The Worthington Offset Dyke hosts the past producing Worthington copper-nickel-platinum group metal Mine and the Victoria copper-nickel-platinum group metal Mine. It is also host to Vale Inco's Totten copper-nickel-platinum group metal Mine development Crowflight Minerals AER-Kidd property also occurs within the Worthington Offset. The Bell Lake property is marked by surface exposures of disseminated to near-solid nickel-copper sulphide mineralization with PGM values. The Mystery Offset Dyke offers excellent exploration potential for the discovery of additional nickel-copper-PGM mineralization. Deep-looking ground geophysical technologies and diamond drilling will test the property after detailed geological mapping has been undertaken on the property.

As of September 30, 2011, the Company incurred \$21,830 (March 31, 2010 - \$Nil) in deferred exploration costs on the Bell Lake Property

Performance Summary:

Data compilation was initiated with the aim of delineating potential areas for follow-up exploration. A three-dimensional model was assembled for the mineralization identified on the property by historic exploration including diamond drilling. The model uses historic drill logs and assay data. These data will be integrated with geophysical information acquired from new geophysical surveys to delineate possible drill targets.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2011:

The compilation of historic exploration data is complete. A geophysical grid was planned for the property and geophysical contracts signed for the upcoming Infinitem survey (Abitibi Geophysics).

Subsequent Events

The grid for the geophysical survey has been cut.

Activities contemplated in the future

Activities contemplated for the future include the compilation of historic exploration data from assessment files to prepare for 2011 ground programs.

Geophysical surveys (Infinitem) are currently underway and will be followed by a diamond drill program to test geophysical targets should the results from the geophysical survey warrant this.

Manitoba nickel properties:

On July 23, 2010 the Company issued 6,000,000 shares at a price of \$0.06 per share to a company with common directors in accordance with the Purchase and Sale Agreement entered into on April 5, 2010 to acquire ownership of the South Bay, Thompson North and Cedar Lake properties in Manitoba, subject to a 2% NSR reserved by the vendor, in exchange for a \$1,000 cash payment (paid) and 6,000,000 post-consolidation common shares valued at \$0.06 per share (issued).

South Bay: Exploration was spurred at the South Bay property by the September, 2003 discovery of a zone of high-grade nickel mineralization. The nickel-copper-cobalt platinum group element ("PGE") zone was found in one wall of a new road cut 60 km east of the town of Leaf Rapids, Manitoba. The average grade of eleven samples of near-solid sulphide collected from boulder-sized blast rubble in the road cut exposure is 2.42 % Ni, 0.78 % Cu, 697 ppm Co and 1.32 g/t PGE. The mineralization is sedimentary-rock-hosted and exhibits similar metal characteristics to ores associated with magma-derived nickel deposits that are mined at Thompson and worldwide. Airborne geophysical surveys (VTEM) have been flown over the property and preliminary soil geochemical surveys have been undertaken.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2011:

A Mobile Metal Ions soil geochemical orientation survey was undertaken and samples submitted to SGS Mineral Services (Toronto, Ontario) for analysis. Results have been received and a report is in preparation.

As of September 30, 2011, the Company incurred \$2,643 (March 31, 2010 - \$Nil) in deferred exploration costs on the South Bay Property

Subsequent Events

Analytical data from the MMI analysis of soil samples was received and interpretation followed by a report is in progress. The property was down-sized based on the results of geophysical surveys, diamond drilling results and assays.

Activities contemplated in the future

Ground geophysical surveys will be required in the area of airborne VTEM anomalies defined from an earlier airborne geophysical program. These surveys will accurately define drill targets. Mobile Metal Ions soil geochemical surveys are planned in the vicinity of coincident ground and airborne geophysical anomalies subsequent to interpretation of an earlier orientation survey.

Soil geochemical surveys are contemplated in areas of significant geophysical response.

Thompson North: The property overlies the world class Thompson Nickel Belt ("TNB") where Vale Inco continues to mine nickel-copper-cobalt and platinum group element mineralization hosted within sedimentary and mafic intrusive rocks. Based on research by the Manitoba Geological Survey the northeastern extension of the TNB has been traced through the Thompson North property making the area highly attractive for repetitions of TNB mineralization. Airborne geophysics (VTEM) has been flown over the property and numerous anomalous magnetic and electromagnetic features identified. Follow-up exploration will be based upon ranking and modeling of geophysics and soil geochemical surveys.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2011:

There have been no current activities on the property.

As of September 30, 2011, the Company incurred \$115,844 (March 31, 2010- \$Nil) in deferred exploration costs on the Thompson North Property.

Subsequent Events

A compilation of historic exploration information was contracted to Revelation Geoscience Ltd. A report was completed and will be the basis for future exploration planning.

Activities contemplated in the future

The activities contemplated for the future will include follow-up exploration based on the compilation report produced by Revelation Geoscience. The exploration will include ground geophysics and soil geochemical surveys. .

Cedar Lake: The property occupies the southern portion of the Thompson Nickel Belt where previous exploration based on the drill-testing of geophysical anomalies has identified key stratigraphic components that host producing nickel-copper-cobalt and platinum group elements at the Thompson and Pipe Mines of Vale Inco. Nickel mineralization has been intersected in drilling on adjacent Mineral Exploration Licenses. The prospective rock units are overlain by younger carbonate rocks and conceal the TNB in this area. The Company has undertaken airborne geophysical surveys (VTEM) and delineated numerous conductive and magnetic anomalies. These anomalies will be prioritized and drill tested subsequent to soil geochemical surveys.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2011:

There have been no current activities on the property. A compilation of historic exploration has been completed and will be the basis for future exploration planning.

As of September 30, 2011, the Company incurred \$2,400 (March 31, 2010- \$Nil) in deferred exploration costs on the Cedar Lake Property.

Subsequent Events

No work was performed on this property subsequently.

Activities contemplated in the future

Activities contemplated for the future include detailed geophysical surveys with soil geochemical survey follow-up.

Maniitsoq, Greenland:

On June 15, 2011, the Company paid a license fee on the Maniitsoq property in Greenland. The Company has certain obligations regarding expenditures and reporting, under the terms of the license for fiscal 2011 and 2012.

In conjunction with acquisition of the Maniitsoq Mineral Exploration Licence, the Company has entered into an arm's length Intellectual Property and Data Acquisition Agreement (the "IP Acquisition Agreement") with Hunter Minerals Pty Limited ("Hunter") and Spar Resources Pty Limited ("Spar"). Pursuant to the IP Acquisition Agreement, Hunter and Spar agreed to sell the IP Rights to the Company in consideration for the Company paying \$300,000 in cash (\$150,000 to each of Hunter and Spar which is paid) and the issuing of 12,960,000 share purchase warrants, 6,480,000 to each of Hunter and Spar exercisable for a period of five years. The warrants are exercisable at the following prices, 4,750,000 of the warrants are at a price of \$0.50 per share, 4,750,000 of the warrants are at a price of \$0.70 per share and 3,460,000 of the warrants are at a price of \$1.00 per share. The warrants are subject to an accelerated exercise provision in the event the Company relinquishes its interests in the Maniitsoq Licences or any other mineral titles held within a defined area of interest without receiving consideration for such relinquishment. The granted warrants have been recorded at a fair value of \$3,240,000 using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. Granting to each of Hunter and Spar or their designates a 1.25% net smelter returns royalty, subject to rights of NAN to reduce both royalties to a 0.5% net smelter returns royalty upon payment to each of Hunter and Spar (or their designates) of \$1,000,000 on or before the 60th day following a decision to commence commercial production on the mineral properties. On August 30, 2011 the Company issued 200,000 common shares at \$.14 per share for a value of \$28,000 as a finder's fee on the Greenland project.

The Maniitsoq project covers a 4,841 km² area situated along the southwest coast of Greenland east and south of the village of Maniitsoq. Ports in this part of Greenland have a year-round shipping season. The project area contains numerous nickel + copper sulphide showings associated with noritic and other mafic-ultramafic intrusions of Archean age. Given its vast size and abundance of nickel occurrences, the Maniitsoq area has seen remarkably little nickel-related exploration activity. The only drilling for nickel was done between 1965 and 1972 by a company called Kyrrolitselskabet Øresund A/S (KØ). KØ drilled 119 shallow holes totalling about 6,300 meters that tested exposed sulphide mineralization and shallow electromagnetic (EM) anomalies directly associated with outcropping mafic-ultramafic intrusions. All but a few were drilled with portable Winkie drills and the average hole length was just 45 meters. Nevertheless numerous significant historic intersections were made,

including 9.85 meters averaging 2.67% Ni and 0.60% Cu at Imiak Hill and 12.89 meters averaging 2.24% Ni and 0.63% Cu at the Fossilik showing.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2011:

On March 15, 2011 an application for an exclusive mineral exploration licence covering the project area was submitted to the Greenland Bureau of Minerals and Petroleum (BMP). Detailed compilation of previous historic exploration data was initiated following the submission of the licence application.

The exclusive mineral exploration licence was approved by BMP on July 15, 2011.

Known showings and targets, identified from data compilation, were examined during a week long field program. A total of 53 representative rock samples were collected and were submitted to Activation Laboratories for analysis. Drill cores from several Kyrilitselskabet Oresund A/S drill holes were examined at a government core facility in Kangerlussuaq, Greenland

Based on data compilation and observations made during the field program, two areas, covering a total of 375 square kilometres, were selected for helicopter geophysical (electromagnetic and magnetic) surveying. SkyTEM ApS of Beder, Denmark was contracted to do the surveying. Surveying commenced on September 15, 2011 and was still in progress at the end of the period.

Subsequent Events

Compilation of previous historic exploration data for the project area continues.

The helicopter geophysical survey was completed on October 5, 2011. A total of 2,217 line-kilometers of surveying was done. A levelled, digital database was received from SkyTEM on November 17, 2011 and a final report is expected in early December 2011.

Analytical results were received from Activation Laboratories on November 4, 2011.

Activities contemplated in the future

Future activities contemplated include integrating the results of the 2011 field program and geophysical surveys with the existing exploration database for the project and three-dimensional modeling of selected electromagnetic anomalies.

Selected Financial Information

The Company's consolidated interim financial statements for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 (the "Consolidated Financial Statements") have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") and practices. Currency amounts are in Canadian dollars, except where stated otherwise. The following selected financial information is taken from the Consolidated Financial Statements and should be read in conjunction with those statements.

	For the nine months ended		
	September 30, 2011	September 30, 2010	September 30, 2009 **
Financial Results			
Net loss	\$ 699,908	\$ 382,254	\$ 32,067
Basic loss per share	0.02	0.03	0.00
As at:			
Balance Sheet Data			
Share capital	\$ 18,671,750	\$ 15,310,333	\$ 13,649,333
Common shares issued	55,058,193	35,231,730	5,441,730
Weighted average shares outstanding	43,571,377	19,941,566	5,441,730
Total assets	\$ 8,022,816	\$ 1,363,910	\$ 184,212
Net assets (liabilities)	\$ 7,696,949	\$ 1,234,383	\$ (54,784)
Exchange rates (Cdn\$ to U.S.\$) period average	0.9780	0.9709	0.8757

** Figures for December 31, 2009 are expressed under Canadian GAAP.

Results of Operations

Three Months Ended September 30, 2011 compared with Three Months Ended September 30, 2010

For the three months ended September 30, 2011, the Company incurred a net loss of \$374,561 compared to a net loss of \$200,626 for the three months ended September 30, 2010. The increase of \$173,935 in net loss is a net result of general operating costs increased which is mainly the result of stock-based compensation charge of \$127,500 for stock options granted to employees and consultants and the Company initiating a series of actions to realign its focus into the field of nickel exploration and appointing new senior management in April 2011 resulting in additional management fee of \$12,000, two private placements resulting in increased professional fees of \$21,120 and a higher volume in activity resulting in an increase in investor relation costs of \$16,039 and the addition of more staff resulting in an increase of salaries of \$6,719. The increased operating costs have been offset with a tax recovery amount of \$45,364 as a result of the flow-through premium being reduced for expenses being incurred.

Selected Financial Data Quarterly

	Three months ended			
	September 30, 2011	June 30, 2011	March 31, 2011	December 31, 2010
Net loss	\$ (374,561)	\$ (262,686)	\$ (62,660)	\$ (147,554)
Basic loss per share	(0.01)	(0.01)	0.00	0.00

	Three months ended			
	September 30, 2010	June 30, 2010	March 31, 2010	December 31, 2009 **
Net loss	\$ (200,626)	\$ (176,702)	\$ (4,926)	\$ (85,578)
Basic loss per share	0.00	(0.03)	0.00	(0.02)

Balance Sheet Data

As at:	September 30, 2011	June 30, 2011	March 31, 2011	December 31, 2010
Share capital	\$ 18,671,750	\$ 18,371,250	\$ 15,367,333	\$ 15,310,333
Common shares issued	55,058,193	51,853,193	36,181,730	35,231,730
Weighted average shares outstanding	43,571,377	38,918,162	35,242,286	19,941,566
Total assets	\$ 8,022,816	\$ 4,306,174	\$ 1,409,625	\$ 1,363,583
Net assets (liabilities)	\$ 7,696,949	\$ 4,212,427	\$ 1,228,723	\$ 1,234,383

As at:	September 30, 2010	June 30, 2010	March 31, 2010	December 31, 2009 **
Share capital	\$ 15,310,333	\$ 14,740,333	\$ 13,649,333	\$ 13,649,333
Common shares issued	35,231,730	25,291,730	5,441,730	5,441,730
Weighted average shares outstanding	14,788,836	5,661,067	5,441,730	5,441,730
Total assets	\$ 1,409,603	\$ 1,130,716	\$ 152,435	\$ 184,212
Net assets (liabilities)	\$ 1,346,937	\$ 971,063	\$ (71,155)	\$ (54,784)

** Figures for December 31, 2009 are expressed under Canadian GAAP.

Liquidity

As at September 30, 2011 the Company had accumulated losses totaling \$14,958,358. The Company had working capital of \$2,091,944 at September 30, 2011. The continuation of the Company is dependent upon the continued financial support of shareholders, its ability to raise capital through the issuance of its securities, as well as obtaining long-term financing when the company concludes an appropriate merger or acquisition agreement.

The Company has financed its operations to date primarily through the issuance of common shares and exercise of stock options and warrants. The Company continues to seek capital through various means including the issuance of equity and/or debt and the securing of joint venture partners where appropriate.

Capital Management

When managing capital, the Company's objective is to ensure the entity continues as a going concern as well as to maintain optimal returns to shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders. Management adjusts the capital structure as necessary in

order to support the acquisition and exploration of mineral properties. The Board of Directors does not establish quantitative return on capital criteria for management, but rather relies on the expertise of the Company's management team to manage its capital.

The properties in which the Company currently has an interest are in the exploration stage. As such, the Company is dependent on external financing to fund its activities. In order to carry out the planned exploration and pay for administrative costs, the Company will spend its existing working capital and raise additional amounts as needed. The Company will continue to assess new properties and seek to acquire an interest in additional properties if it feels there is sufficient geologic or economic potential and if it has adequate financial resources to do so.

Management considers its approach to capital management to be appropriate given the relative size of the Company. There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the period.

Financial Instruments and Other Instruments

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, receivables and trade payables and accrued liabilities. Cash and cash equivalents are designated as held for trading and therefore carried at fair value, with the unrealized gain or loss recorded in income. Receivables are designated as loan receivables and trade payables, accrued liabilities are designated as other financial liabilities and recorded at amortized cost. Marketable securities are available for sale with the unrealized gain or loss recorded in other comprehensive income.

The fair value hierarchy establishes three levels to classify inputs to the valuation techniques used to measure fair value. Level 1 inputs are quoted market prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted market prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Level 3 inputs are unobservable (supported by little or no market activity).

Cash and cash equivalents are stated at fair value and are classified as Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy. The fair values of accounts receivables, trade payables and accrued liabilities are approximate carrying value because of the short term nature of these instruments.

The fair value of available for sale investments are determined based on a market approach reflecting the closing price of each particular security at the closing balance sheet date. The closing price is a quoted market price obtained from the exchange that is the principal active market for the particular security, and therefore available for sale securities are classified within Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy.

Financial Instrument Risk Factors

Risk management is carried out by the Company's management team with guidance from the Board of Directors. The Company's risk exposures and their impact on the Company's financial instruments are summarized below:

Credit Risk

The Company's credit risk is primarily attributable to cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments and amounts receivable. Cash and cash equivalents, and short-term investments are held with one reputable Canadian chartered bank which is closely monitored by management. Financial instruments included in amounts receivable consist primarily of HST/GST recoverable from the Canadian government. Management believes that the credit risk concentration with respect to financial instruments included in cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments and amounts receivable is minimal.

Liquidity Risk

The Company's approach to managing liquidity risk is to ensure that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet liabilities when due. As at September 30, 2011, the Company held cash and cash equivalents of \$2,318,319 (December 31, 2010 - \$659,227) and had current liabilities of \$325,866 (December 31, 2010 - \$129,527). All of the Company's liabilities have contractual maturities of less than 30 days and are subject to normal trade terms.

Market Risk

i) Interest Rate Risk

The Company had cash balances and no interest bearing debt. The Company's current policy is to invest excess cash in investment-grade short-term deposit certificates issued by its banking institutions. The Company periodically monitors the investments it makes and is satisfied with the creditworthiness of its banks. As of September 30, 2011, the Company had non-interest bearing accounts with one Canadian chartered bank.

ii) Foreign Currency Risk

The Company's functional and reporting currency is the Canadian dollar and major purchases are transacted in Canadian dollars. As a result, the Company's exposure to foreign currency risk is minimal.

iii) Price Risk

The Company is exposed to price risk with respect to commodity and equity prices. Equity price risk is defined as the potential adverse impact on the Company's earnings due to movements in individual equity prices or general movements in the level of the stock market. Commodity price risk is defined as the potential adverse impact on earnings and economic value due to commodity price movements and volatilities. The Company closely monitors commodity prices of precious metals, individual equity movements, and the stock market to determine the appropriate course of action to be taken by the Company.

Changes in Accounting Policies and Critical Accounting Estimates

Accounting Standards Not Yet Effective

Amendments to IFRS 7 "Financial Instruments: Disclosures"

This amendment increases the disclosure required regarding the transfer of financial assets, especially if there is a disproportionate amount of transfer transactions that take place around the end of a reporting period. This amendment is effective for annual periods beginning on or after July 1, 2011.

New standard IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments"

This new standard is a partial replacement of IAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement". This new standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2015.

The Company has not early adopted these revised standards and is currently assessing the impact that these standards will have on the consolidated financial statements.

Critical Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires the Company to make estimates that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Significant areas requiring the use of estimates relate to the determination of impairment of long-lived assets, determination of asset retirement obligations, valuation allowances for future income taxes and assumptions used in determining the fair value of non-cash based compensation.

Impairment of long lived assets

Management periodically reviews the carrying value of its mineral properties with internal and external mining related professionals. A decision to abandon, reduce or expand a specific project is based upon many factors including general and specific assessments of reserves, anticipated future prices, anticipated future costs of exploring, developing and operating a producing mine, expiration term and ongoing expense of maintaining leased mineral properties and the period for properties with unproven reserves. However, properties which have not demonstrated suitable mineral concentrations at the conclusion of each phase of an exploration program are re-evaluated to determine if future exploration is warranted and their carrying values are appropriate.

If an area of interest is abandoned or it is determined that its carrying value cannot be supported by future production or sale, the related costs are charged against operations in the period of abandonment or determination that the carrying value exceeds its fair value. The amounts recorded as mineral properties represent costs incurred to date and do not necessarily reflect present or future values.

Provision for reclamation and rehabilitation

Reclamation and closure costs have been estimated based on the Company's interpretation of current regulatory requirements, however changes in regulatory requirements and new information may result in revisions to estimates. The Company recognizes the present value of liabilities for reclamation and closure costs in the period in which they are incurred. These obligations are measured initially at fair value and the resulting costs capitalized to the carrying value of the related asset. In

subsequent periods, the liability is adjusted for any changes in the amount or timing and for the accretion of discounted underlying future cash flows. The capitalized asset retirement cost is amortized to operations over the life of the asset.

Deferred Income Tax

The Company follows the asset and liability method of accounting for income taxes. Under this method, future tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases, and losses carried forward. Future tax assets and liabilities are measured using substantively enacted or enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on future tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the substantive enactment date. Future tax assets are recognized to the extent that they are considered more likely than not to be realized. The valuation of future income tax assets is adjusted, if necessary, by the use of a valuation allowance to reflect the estimated realizable amount. The future income tax provision also incorporates management's estimates regarding the utilization of tax loss carry forwards, which are dependent on future operating performance and transactions.

Stock-based Compensation

The Company has a stock option plan which is described in Note 9(e) of the Company's consolidated interim financial statements. The Company records all stock-based compensation for options using the fair value method. The fair value of each option award is estimated on the date of the grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, with expected volatility based on historical volatility of our stock. The Company uses historical data to estimate the term of the option and the risk free rate for the expected term of the option is based on the Government of Canada yield curve in effect at the time of the grant.

Additional Disclosure for Venture Issuers Without Significant Revenue

The business of the Company entails significant risks, and an investment in the securities of the Company should be considered highly speculative. An investment in the securities of the Company should only be undertaken by persons who have sufficient financial resources to enable them to assume such risks. The following is a general description of all material risks, which can adversely affect the business and in turn the financial results, ultimately affecting the value of an investment the Company.

The Company has no significant revenues.

The Company has limited funds.

There is no assurance that the Company can access additional capital.

There is no assurance that the Company will be successful in its quest to find a commercially viable quantity of mineral resources.

The Company has a history of operating losses and may have operating losses and a negative cash flow in the future.

The Company's auditors have indicated that U.S. reporting standards would require them to raise a concern about the company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

There are no off-balance sheet arrangements.

Table of Property Contractual Obligations

Post Creek

<u>Date</u>	<u>Payment</u>	<u>Issuance of shares</u>	<u>Exploration Requirements</u>
On or before April 5, 2010	\$ 12,500	400,000 paid & issued	
On or before April 5, 2011	\$ 30,000	300,000 paid & issued	\$ 15,000
On or before April 5, 2012	\$ 50,000	300,000	\$ 15,000
On or before April 5, 2013	\$ 50,000	-	\$ 15,000
	<u>\$ 142,500</u>	<u>1,000,000</u>	<u>\$ 45,000</u>

Bell Lake

<u>Date</u>	<u>Payment</u>	<u>Issuance of shares</u>	<u>Exploration Requirements</u>
On or before April 5, 2010	\$ 25,000	300,000 paid & issued	
On or before April 5, 2011	\$ 25,000	300,000 paid & issued	\$ -
On or before April 5, 2012	\$ 40,000	400,000	\$ -
On or before April 5, 2013	\$ 40,000	-	\$ -
On or before April 5, 2014	\$ 80,000	-	
	<u>\$ 210,000</u>	<u>1,000,000</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

Halcyon

<u>Date</u>	<u>Payment</u>	<u>Issuance of shares</u>	<u>Exploration Requirements</u>
On or before April 5, 2010	\$ 15,000	300,000 paid & issued	
On or before April 5, 2011	\$ 25,000	200,000 paid & issued	\$ 22,000
On or before April 5, 2012	\$ 35,000	200,000	\$ 22,000
On or before April 5, 2013	\$ 35,000	-	\$ 22,000
	<u>\$ 110,000</u>	<u>700,000</u>	<u>\$ 66,000</u>

Wood Creek

<u>Date</u>	<u>Payment</u>	<u>Issuance of shares</u>	<u>Exploration Requirements</u>
On or before April 5, 2010	\$ 7,500	150,000 paid & issued	
On or before April 5, 2011	\$ 15,000	150,000 paid & issued	\$ 24,000
On or before April 5, 2012	\$ 20,000	-	\$ 24,000
On or before April 5, 2013	\$ 45,000	-	\$ 24,000
	<u>\$ 87,500</u>	<u>300,000</u>	<u>\$ 72,000</u>

Related Party Transactions

Related party balances

The following amounts due to related parties are included in trade payables and accrued liabilities:

	September 30,	December 31,
	2011	2010
Directors and companies controlled by directors of the Company	\$ 70,906	\$ 87,094
	<u>\$ 70,906</u>	<u>\$ 87,094</u>

These amounts are unsecured, non-interest bearing and have no fixed terms of repayment.

Related party transactions

Key management personnel compensation

	Nine month periods ended	
	September 30, 2011	September 30, 2010
Geological consulting fees - expensed	\$ 21,517	\$ 1,167
Geological consulting fees - capitalized	19,983	16,333
Management fees - expensed	81,000	45,000
Stock-based compensation	150,000	-
	<u>\$ 272,500</u>	<u>\$ 62,500</u>

International Financial Reporting Standards

On February 13, 2008, the Canadian Accounting Standards Board confirmed that publicly accountable enterprises would be required to adopt International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") in place of Canadian GAAP for interim and annual reporting purposes for fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2011. Accordingly, the Company has transitioned from Canadian GAAP reporting and commenced reporting under IFRS for the first quarter of 2011, with restatement of comparative information presented.

First Time Adoption of IFRS

The Company has adopted IFRS on January 1, 2011 with a transition date of January 1, 2010. Under IFRS 1 *First time adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards* (IFRS 1), the IFRS standards are applied retrospectively at the transition date with all adjustments to assets and liabilities as stated under GAAP taken to deficit, with IFRS 1 providing for certain optional and mandatory exemptions to this principle.

The Company has applied the following optional transition exemptions to full retrospective application of IFRS:

IFRS 2 "Share-based payment" – IFRS 1 allows that full retrospective application may be avoided for certain share-based instruments depending on the grant date, vesting terms and settlement of any real liabilities. A first-time adopter can elect to not apply IFRS 2 to share-based payments granted after November 7, 2002 that vested before the later of (a) the date of transition to IFRS and (b) January 1, 2005. The Company plans to elect this exemption and will apply IFRS 2 to only unvested stock options as at January 1, 2010 being the transition date.

IFRS 3 "Business Combinations" – IFRS 1 allows that a first-time adopter may elect not to apply IFRS 3 Business Combinations retrospectively to business combinations prior to the date of transition avoiding the requirement to restate prior business combinations. The Company plans to elect this exemption and as such expects no difference between Canadian GAAP and IFRS on transition for differences in business combination accounting.

IFRS 1 "Deemed Cost" – allows for exploration and evaluation assets costs to be accounted for in cost centres that include all properties in a large geographical area. A first-time adopter using such accounting under previous Canadian GAAP may elect to measure exploration and evaluation assets at the amount determined under the Company's previous GAAP. The Company plans to elect this exemption and shall continue to test exploration and evaluation assets in the development phases for impairment at the date of transition to IFRS in accordance with IFRS 6 Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources.

Mandatory exceptions applied

IAS 39 "Financial Instruments" the Company has applied the derecognition of financial assets and liabilities exception requirements prospectively from the transition date. As a result any non-derivative financial assets or non-derivative financial liabilities derecognized prior to the Transition Date in accordance with prechangeover Canadian GAAP have not been reviewed for compliance with IAS 39. The application of this exemption has no impact on the Company.

The estimates previously made by the Company under pre-changeover Canadian GAAP were not revised for the application of IFRS except where necessary to reflect any difference in accounting policy or where there was objective evidence that those estimates were in error. No adjustments for estimates have been made.

IAS 27 was applied prospectively from the Transition Date. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the owners of the parent and the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. No adjustment was required.

Reconciliation to previously reported financial statements

The following tables provide a reconciliation between the amounts previously reported under Canadian GAAP and those anticipated to be reported in accordance with IFRS and related transitional requirements, based on our analysis to date. A summary of each of the noted changes is included in the notes following the reconciliations of the following Consolidated Statement of Financial Position and Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income for the dates noted below. The anticipated effects of transition from GAAP to IFRS on the cash flow are not material therefore a reconciliation of cash flows has not been presented. The reconciliations and related adjustments have not been audited by the Company's external auditor.

Transitional Consolidated Statement of Financial Position Reconciliation – January 1, 2010
 Consolidated Interim Statement of Financial Position – September 30, 2010
 Consolidated Statement of Financial Position Reconciliation – December 31, 2010
 Consolidated Interim Statement of Comprehensive Loss Reconciliation – three months September 30, 2010
 Consolidated Interim Statement of Comprehensive Loss Reconciliation – six months September 30, 2010
 Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Loss Reconciliation – December 31, 2010

Transitional Consolidated Statement of Financial Position Reconciliation to IFRS (unaudited) as follows:

Ref	January 1 2010 CAN GAAP	Effect of Transition to IFRS	January 1 2010 IFRS
ASSETS			
Current assets			
	\$ 16,515	\$ -	\$ 16,515
	4,197		4,197
	62,500		62,500
Total current assets	83,212	-	83,212
Mineral properties and deferred exploration costs	101,000		101,000
Total assets	\$ 184,212	\$ -	\$ 184,212
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
	\$ 185,747		\$ 185,747
Total current liabilities	185,747	-	185,747
Total liabilities	185,747	-	185,747
Shareholders' equity (deficit)			
	604,724		604,724
	13,044,609		13,044,609
	53,344	(53,344)	-
	24,525		24,525
Deficit	(13,781,986)	53,344	(13,728,642)
Total shareholders's equity	(54,784)	-	(54,784)
Non-controlling interest	53,249		53,249
Total equity	(1,535)	-	(1,535)
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 184,212	\$ -	\$ 184,212

Consolidated Interim Statement of Financial Position Reconciled to IFRS (unaudited) as follows:

Ref	September 30 2010 CAN GAAP	Effect of Transition to IFRS	September 30 2010 IFRS
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash	\$ 788,870	\$ -	\$ 788,870
Receivables	14,143	-	14,143
Marketable securities	-	-	-
Prepaid expenses and deposits	823	-	823
Total current assets	803,836	-	803,836
Mineral properties and deferred exploration costs	605,767	-	605,767
Total assets	\$ 1,409,603	\$ -	\$ 1,409,603
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Trade payables and accrued liabilities	\$ 62,666	-	\$ 62,666
Total current liabilities	62,666	-	62,666
Total liabilities	62,666	-	62,666
Shareholders' equity (deficit)			
Share capital - preferred	604,724	-	604,724
Share capital - common	14,705,609	-	14,705,609
Share subscriptions	-	-	-
Contributed surplus	a 200,844	(53,344)	147,500
Accumulated other comprehensive income	-	-	-
Deficit	(14,164,240)	53,344	(14,110,896)
Total shareholders's equity	1,346,937	-	1,346,937
Non-controlling interest	-	-	-
Total equity	1,346,937	-	1,346,937
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 1,409,603	\$ -	\$ 1,409,603

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position Reconciled to IFRS (unaudited) as follows:

	Ref	December 31 2010 CAN GAAP	Effect of Transition to IFRS	December 31 2010 IFRS
ASSETS				
Current assets				
Cash		\$ 659,227	\$ -	\$ 659,227
Receivables		26,965	-	26,965
Marketable securities		-	-	-
Total current assets		686,192	-	686,192
Mineral properties and deferred exploration costs		677,718	-	677,718
Total assets		<u>\$ 1,363,910</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,363,910</u>
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities				
Trade payables and accrued liabilities		\$ 129,527	-	\$ 129,527
Total current liabilities		129,527	-	129,527
Total liabilities		129,527	-	129,527
Shareholders' equity (deficit)				
Share capital - preferred		604,724	-	604,724
Share capital - common		14,705,609	-	14,705,609
Contributed surplus	a	235,844	(53,344)	182,500
Accumulated other comprehensive income		-	-	-
Deficit		(14,311,794)	53,344	(14,258,450)
Total shareholders's equity		1,234,383	-	1,234,383
Non-controlling interest		-	-	-
Total equity		<u>1,234,383</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,234,383</u>
Total liabilities and equity		<u>\$ 1,363,910</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,363,910</u>

**The Canadian GAAP Consolidated Statement of Operations and Comprehensive Loss
For the three months ended September 30, 2010 has been reconciled to IFRS (unaudited) as follows:**

	Ref	Three Months Ended September 30 2010	Effect of Transition to IFRS	Three Months Ended September 30 2010
		CAN GAAP		IFRS
EXPENSES				
Consulting	\$	8,409		\$ 8,409
Filing fees		19,466		19,466
Investor relation		8,428		8,428
General and administrative		(5,677)		(5,677)
Management fees (Note 6)		15,000		15,000
Salaries		7,500		7,500
Stock-based compensation		147,500	-	147,500
LOSS BEFORE OTHER ITEMS		(200,626)	-	(200,626)
OTHER ITEMS:				
Impairment of mineral property and deferred exploration costs (Note 4)		-		-
Sale of investment gain/(loss)		-		-
NET LOSS FOR THE PERIOD	\$	(200,626)	\$ -	\$ (200,626)
LOSS PER COMMON SHARE - Basic and diluted				
From continuing operations	\$	(0.03)	\$ -	\$ (0.03)
Weighted average shares outstanding - Basic and diluted		32,746,730		32,746,730
COMPREHENSIVE LOSS				
Net Loss	\$	(200,626)	\$ -	\$ (200,626)
Unrealized gain on marketable securities		-		-
COMPREHENSIVE LOSS	\$	(200,626)	\$ -	\$ (200,626)

**The Canadian GAAP Consolidated Statement of Operations and Comprehensive Loss
For the nine months ended September 30, 2010 has been reconciled to IFRS (unaudited) as follows:**

	Ref	Nine Months Ended September 30 2010 CAN GAAP	Effect of Transition to IFRS	Nine Months Ended September 30 2010 IFRS
EXPENSES				
Consulting	\$	32,484		\$ 32,484
Filing fees		37,832		37,832
Investor relation		17,836		17,836
General and administrative		39,042		39,042
Management fees (Note 6)		31,000		31,000
Professional fees		68,359		68,359
Property investigation		1,450		1,450
Salaries		12,500		12,500
Stock-based compensation		147,500	-	147,500
LOSS BEFORE OTHER ITEMS		(388,003)	-	(388,003)
OTHER ITEMS:				
Impairment of mineral property and deferred exploration costs (Note 4)		(91,000)		(91,000)
Sale of investment gain/(loss)		96,749		96,749
NET LOSS FOR THE PERIOD	\$	(382,254)	\$ -	\$ (382,254)
LOSS PER COMMON SHARE - Basic and diluted				
From continuing operations	\$	(0.03)	\$ -	\$ (0.03)
Weighted average shares outstanding - Basic and diluted		14,788,836		14,788,836
COMPREHENSIVE LOSS				
Net Loss	\$	(382,254)	\$ -	\$ (382,254)
Unrealized gain on marketable securities		-		-
COMPREHENSIVE LOSS	\$	(382,254)	\$ -	\$ (382,254)

The Canadian GAAP Consolidated Statement of Operations and Comprehensive Loss
For The Year Ended December 31, 2010 has been reconciled to IFRS (unaudited) as follows:

	Ref	December 31 2010	Effect of Transition to IFRS	December 31 2010
		CAN GAAP		IFRS
EXPENSES				
Consulting	\$	25,556		\$ 25,556
Filing fees		40,856		40,856
Investor relation		23,101		23,101
General and administrative		18,294	-	18,294
Management fees (Note 6)		90,000		90,000
Professional fees		132,730		132,730
Salaries		22,115		22,115
Stock-based compensation		182,500	-	182,500
LOSS BEFORE OTHER ITEMS		(535,152)	-	(535,152)
OTHER ITEMS:				
Loss on sale of subsidiary (Note 4)		(7,163)		(7,163)
Gain on sale of marketable securities (Note 3)		3,854	-	3,854
LOSS BEFORE NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST		(538,461)	-	(538,461)
NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST IN LOSS		8,653	-	8,653
NET LOSS FOR THE YEAR	\$	(529,808)	\$ -	\$ (529,808)
LOSS PER COMMON SHARE - Basic and diluted				
From continuing operations	\$	(0.03)	\$ -	\$ (0.03)
Weighted average shares outstanding - Basic and diluted		19,941,566		19,941,566
COMPREHENSIVE LOSS				
Net Loss	\$	(529,808)	\$ -	\$ (529,808)
Unrealized gain on marketable securities		-		-
COMPREHENSIVE LOSS	\$	(529,808)	\$ -	\$ (529,808)

Adjustments on transition to IFRS:

The following is a summary of the significant accounting differences considered as part of the IFRS transition project and, where appropriate, the preliminary quantification of the adjustments required as of the transition date and for the comparative period.

Asset impairment

Both Canadian GAAP and IFRS require an entity to undertake quantitative impairment testing where there is an indication of impairment. Further there is a requirement under IFRS for the Company to assess whether indicators of impairment exist at the date of transition to IFRS.

Unlike Canadian GAAP, IFRS requires impairment charges to be reversed if circumstances leading to the impairment no longer exist. The Company has no historic impairment charges which could be reversed as of the transition date.

As at the transition date, there were no indications of impairment under IFRS identified by management, therefore no formal quantitative impairment was undertaken.

Adjustments on transition to IFRS:

(a) Share-based payment transactions

On transition to IFRS the Company has elected to change its accounting policy for the treatment of amounts recorded in contributed surplus which relate to stock options which expire unexercised. Under IFRS amounts recorded for expired unexercised stock options will be transferred to deficit on the date of expiry. Previously the Company's Canadian GAAP policy was to leave such amounts in contributed surplus.

Impact on Consolidated Statement of Financial Position (Unaudited)

	December 31 2010	January 1 2010
Contributed surplus	\$ (53,344)	\$ (53,344)
Adjustment to deficit	\$ 53,344	\$ 53,344

A further difference is that IFRS 2 requires that forfeiture estimates are recognized in the period they are estimated and are revised for actual forfeitures in subsequent periods, whereas under the Company's Canadian GAAP policy forfeitures of awards have been recognized as they occur. On application of the IFRS 1 exemption noted previously, this change in accounting was applied only to unvested awards as of the transition date which there were no unvested awards at that time.

Presentation Adjustments

The following presentation adjustment has been identified by management for the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position which is Non-controlling interests shall be presented in the consolidated statement of financial position within equity, separately from the equity of the owners of the parent.

Disclosure Controls and Procedures Over Financial Reporting

Management has the responsibility for the design and implementation of controls over financial reporting to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in Canada. Based on a review of its internal controls at the end of the year covered by this MD&A, management believes its internal controls and procedures are effective in providing reasonable assurance that financial information is recorded, processed and reported in an accurate and timely manner. There have been no significant changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the period ended September 30, 2011.

Management is responsible for the design and effectiveness of disclosure controls and other procedures to provide reasonable assurance that material information related to the Company is made known to the Company's certifying officers. The Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have each evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls as of September 30, 2011 and have concluded these controls and procedures are effective in providing reasonable assurance that material information relating to the Company is made known to them by others within the Company.

Subsequent Events

On November 24, 2011, the Company granted to a geologist 100,000 stock options at a price of \$0.15 per stock option.

Share Capital Data

The following table sets forth the Company's share capital data as at November 25, 2011:

Common Shares

-issued & outstanding 55,058,193

Preferred Shares

-issued & outstanding 604,724

Options

-issued & outstanding 5,250,000

Warrants

-issued & outstanding 31,198,950

Further Information

Additional information about the Company is available at the Canadian disclosure website www.sedar.ca